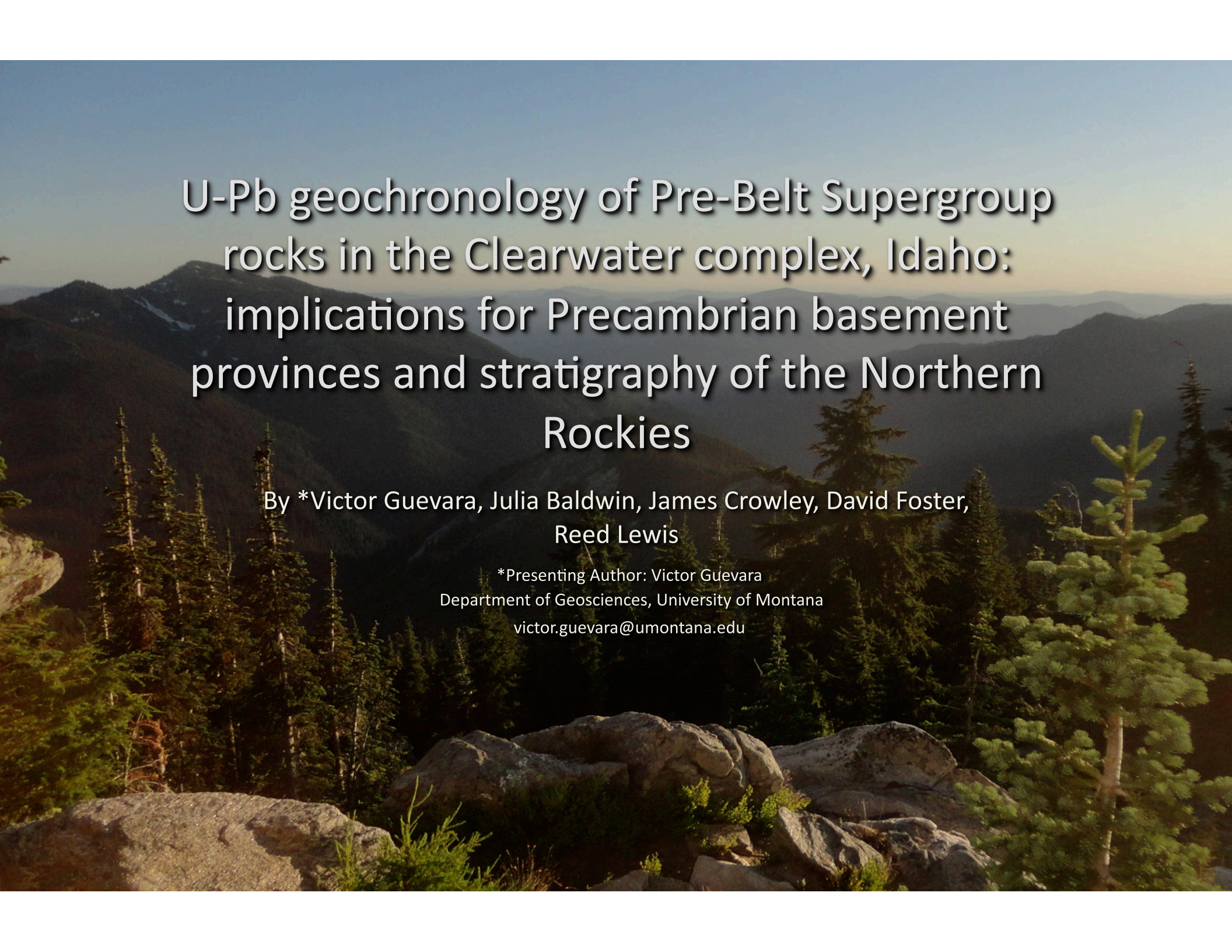




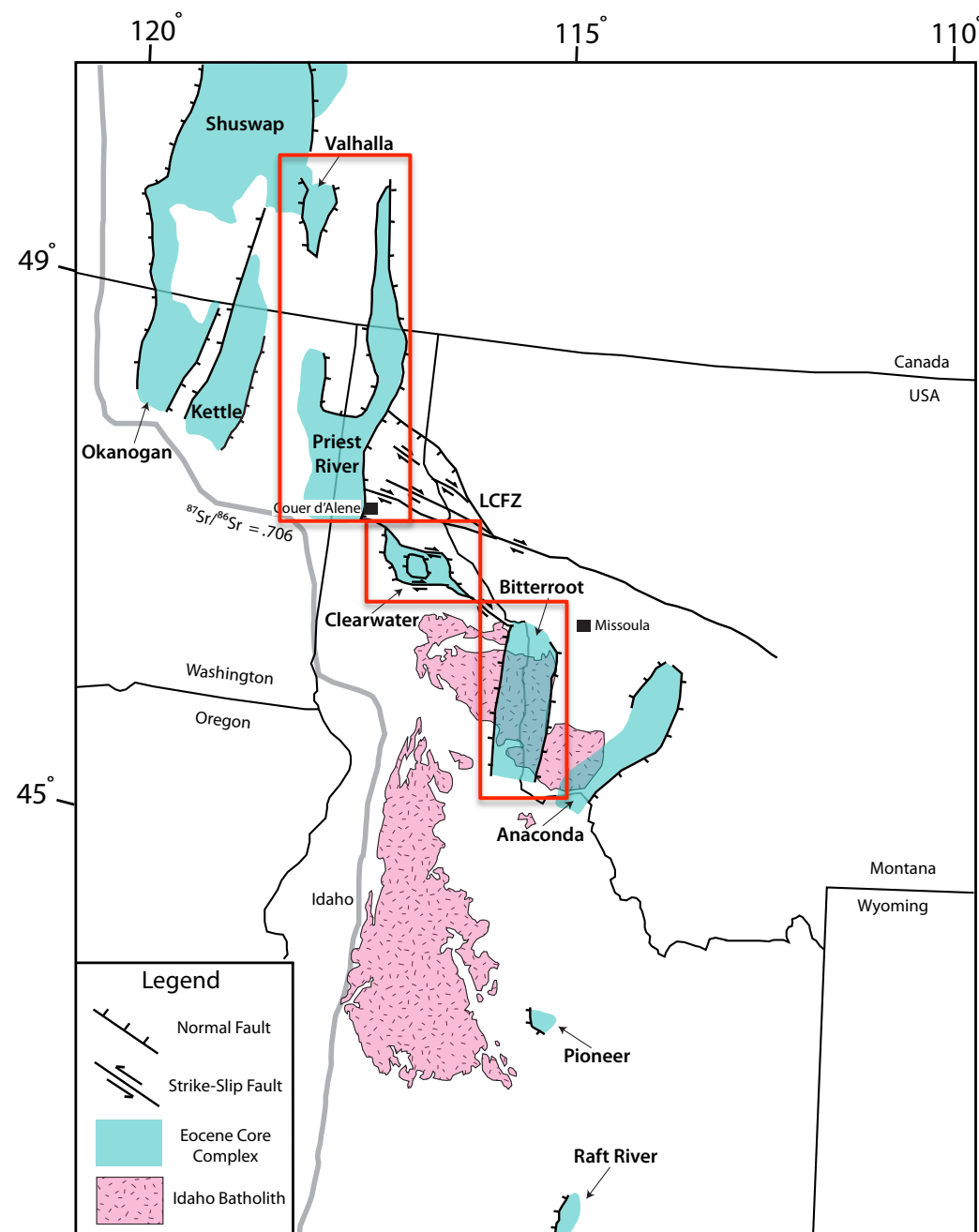
U-Pb geochronology of Pre-Belt Supergroup rocks in the Clearwater complex, Idaho: implications for Precambrian basement provinces and stratigraphy of the Northern Rockies

By *Victor Guevara, Julia Baldwin, James Crowley, David Foster,
Reed Lewis

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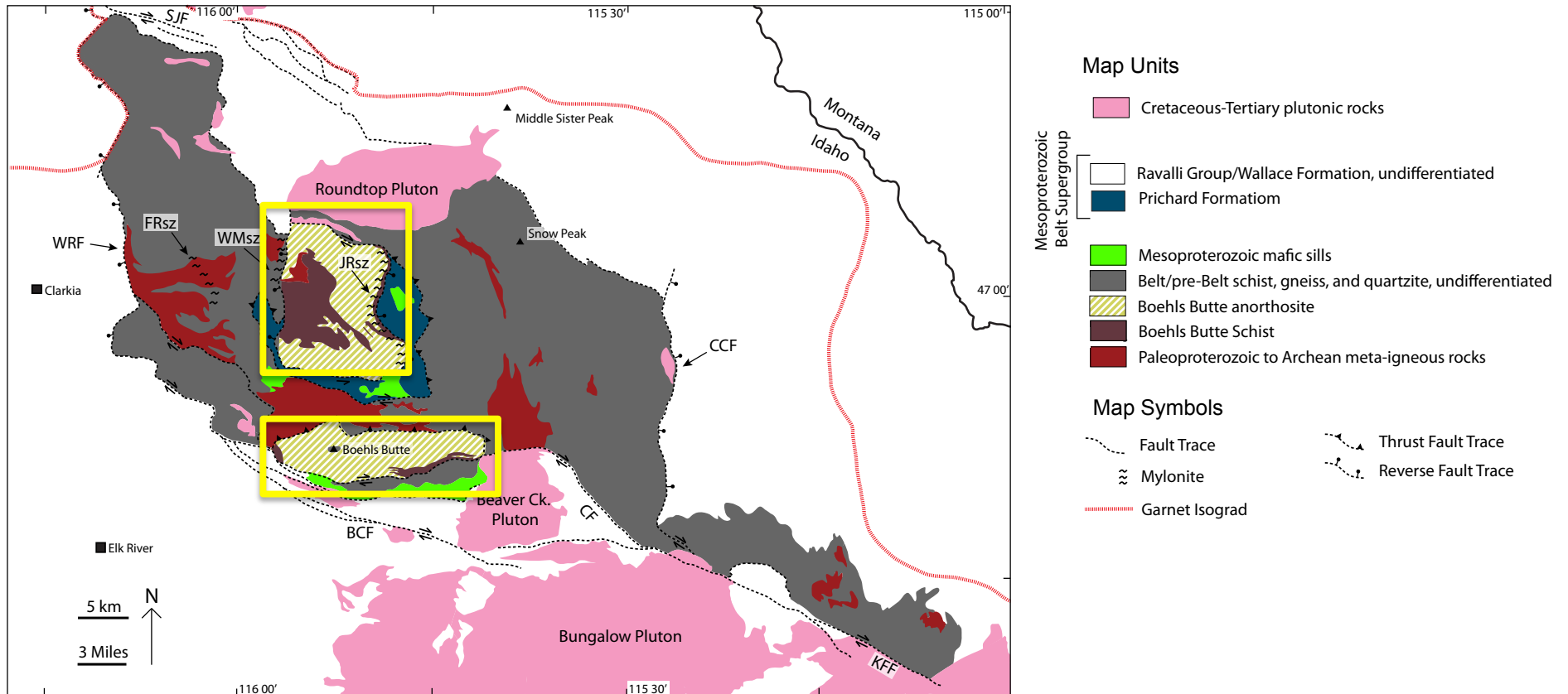
Outline

- Regional overview
- Basement in Clearwater - previous work
- Mesoproterozoic Belt Supergroup
- LA-ICP-MS zircon data
 - Pre-Belt quartzites: U-Pb on detrital grains
 - Paleoproterozoic orthogneiss
 - U-Pb
 - Lu-Hf
- Conclusions



Modified after Foster et al. (2007), Lewis et al. (2010), and Gaschnig et al. (2011)

Clearwater metamorphic core complex

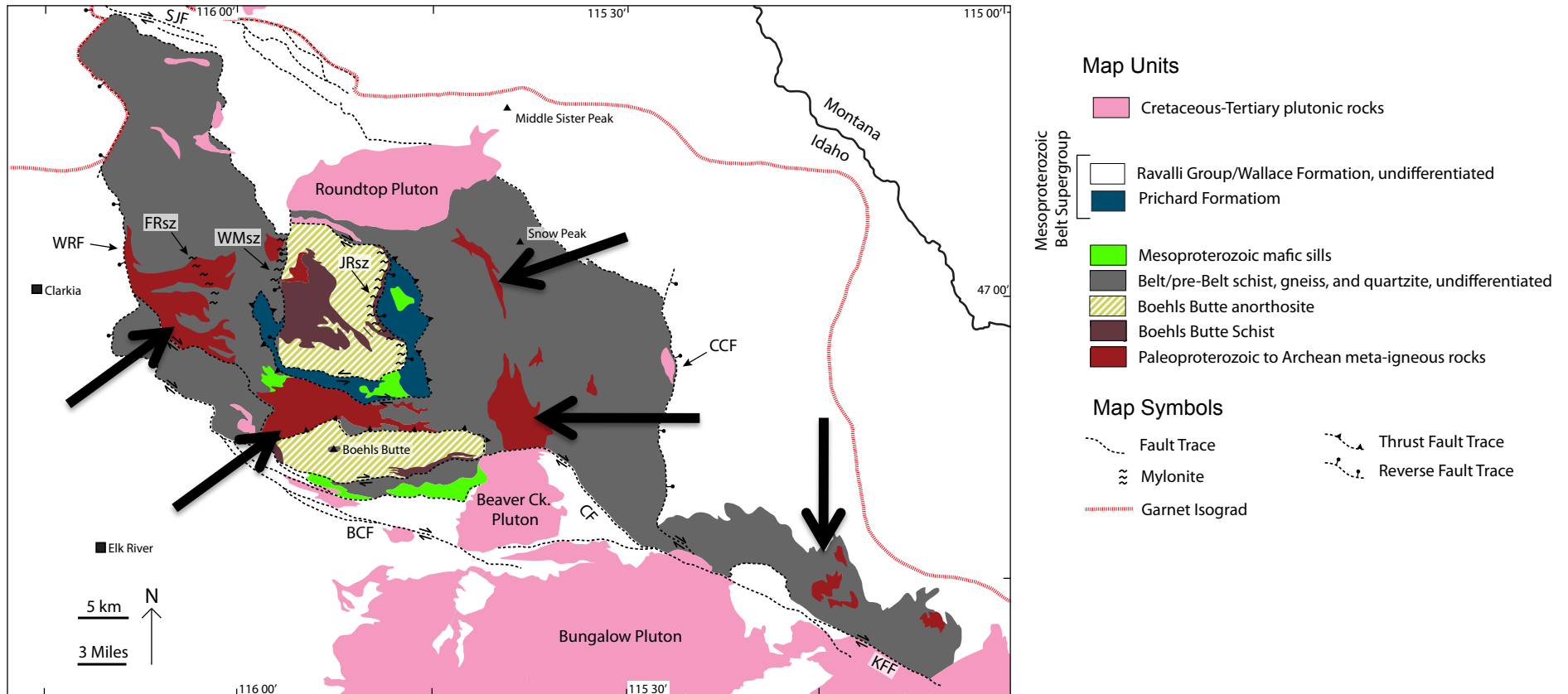


Modified after Nesheim et al. (2012), Lewis et al. (2000, 2005, 2007)

Basement Geochronology in the Clearwater – Previous Work

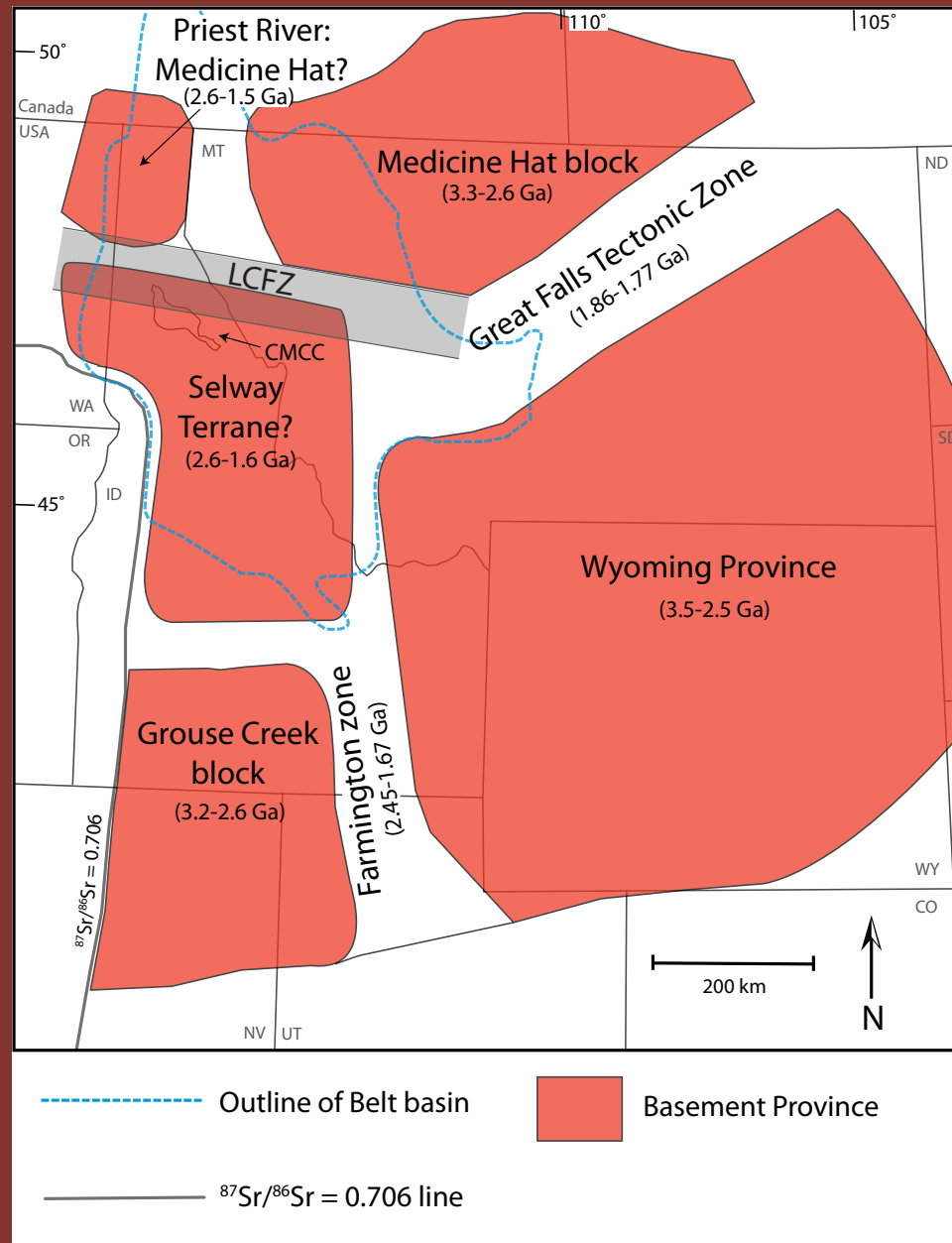
- *Hietanen (1963, 1968)* – first to map area
- *Reid et al. (1973)* – determined Paleoproterozoic age for anorthosite – discordant data
- *Doughty and Chamberlain (2007)* – 1787 Ma anorthosite, 1587 Ma garnet amphibolite, Pre-Belt schist and quartzite in internal zone
- *WSU (Vervoort group): Jansen et al. (2011); Brewer et al. (2008); Lewis et al. (2011)* – Paleoproterozoic (~1.86 Ga) and Archean (~2.67 Ga) orthogneiss, Pre-Belt quartzite in external zone

Clearwater metamorphic core complex



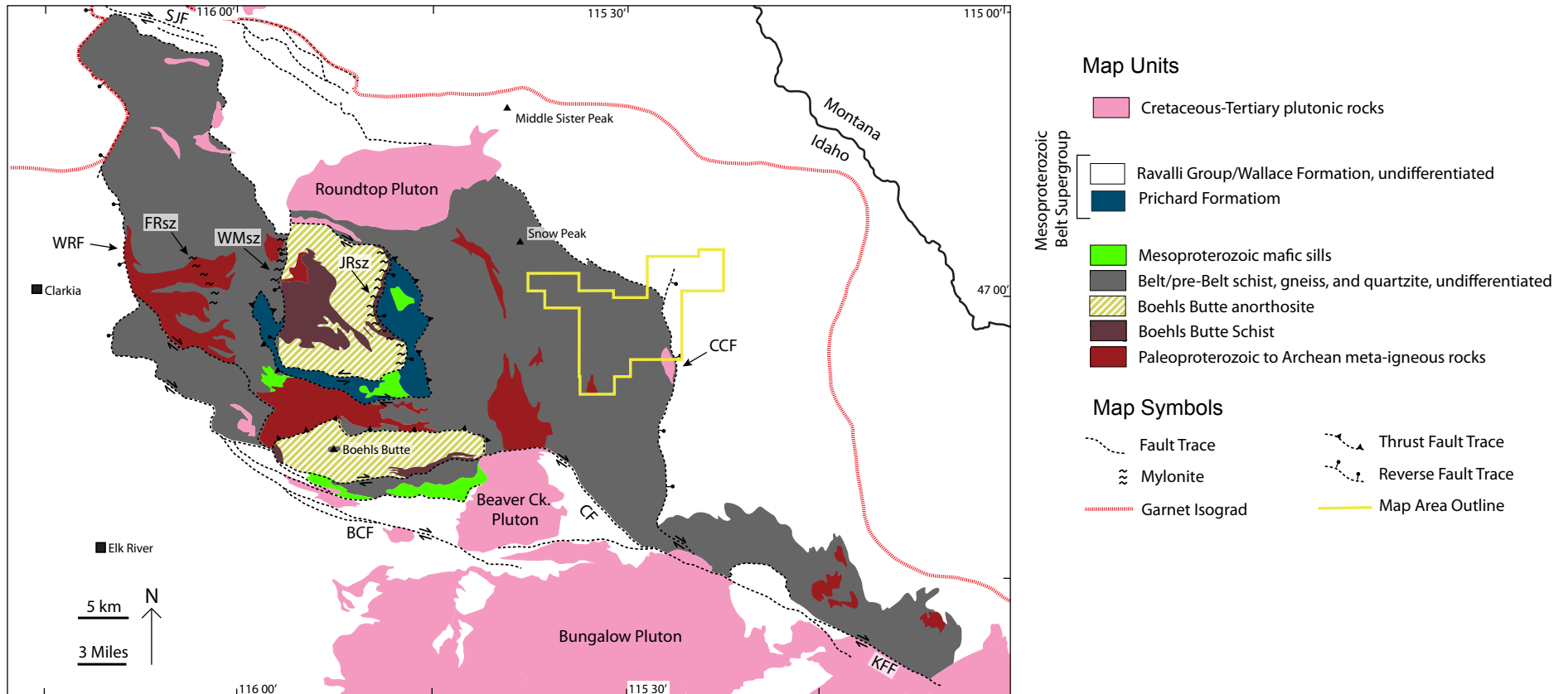
Modified after Nesheim et al. (2012), Lewis et al. (2000, 2005, 2007)



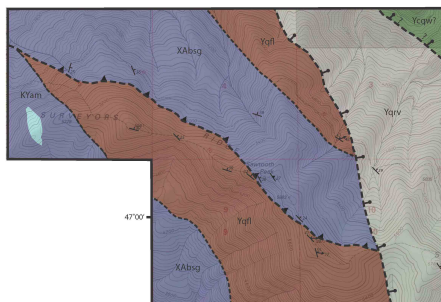


Modified after Foster et al. (2006)

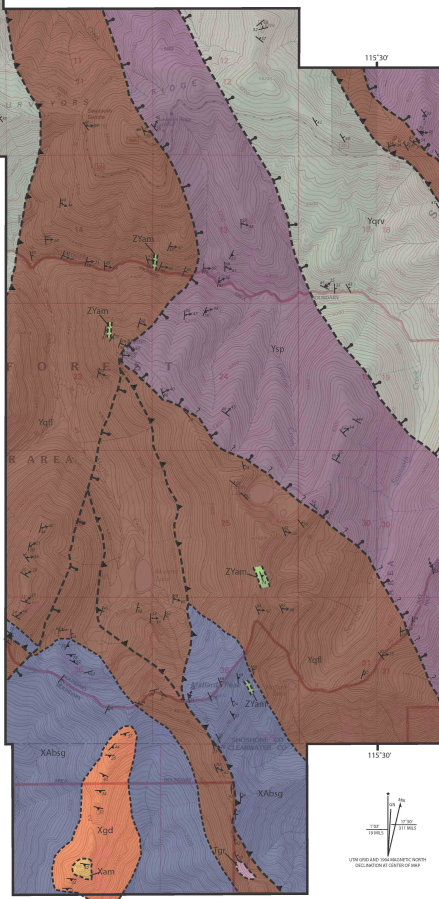
Clearwater metamorphic core complex



Modified after Nesheim et al. (2012), Lewis et al. (2000, 2005, 2007)



- | | | |
|---|-------|---|
|  | TKg | Granite (Tertiary-Cretaceous) |
|  | KYam | Amphibolite (Cretaceous-Mesoproterozoic) |
|  | Ysw | Wallace schist (Mesoproterozoic) |
|  | Ycqw | Wallace quartzite (Mesoproterozoic) |
|  | Yqrv | Ravalli Group quartzite (Mesoproterozoic) |
|  | Ysp | Prichard schist (Mesoproterozoic) |
|  | ZYam | Amphibolite (Neo-Mesoproterozoic) |
|  | Yqfl | Fawn Lake quartzite |
|  | Xgd | Granodiorite/amphibolite (Paleoproterozoic) |
|  | XAbag | Basement schist/gneiss (Paleoproterozoic-Archean) |



-  Strike and dip of bedding
-  Strike and dip of foliation
-  Trend and plunge of crenulation lineation
-  Trend and plunge of mineral lineation
-  Trend and plunge of small-scale fold axis
-  Normal fault, dashed where approximately located. Ball and bar on down-thrown side.
-  Thrust fault, dashed where approximately located. Teeth on upper plate.
-  Depositional/intrusive contact, dashed where approximately located.
-  Uncertain contact, may be a fault or a depositional contact.

Belt Supergroup

- 15-18 km thick sedimentary package
- Intracratonic Rift – began at 1.47 Ga
- Underlain by Neihart quartzite
- In region around Clearwater complex: Lower Belt (Prichard Formation) – Middle Belt carbonate (Wallace Formation)

Missoula Group	Garnet Range
	McNamara
	Bonner
	Striped Peak
Middle Belt Carbonate	Wallace
Ravalli Group	St. Regis
	Revett
	Burke
Lower Belt	Prichard

1.0 km

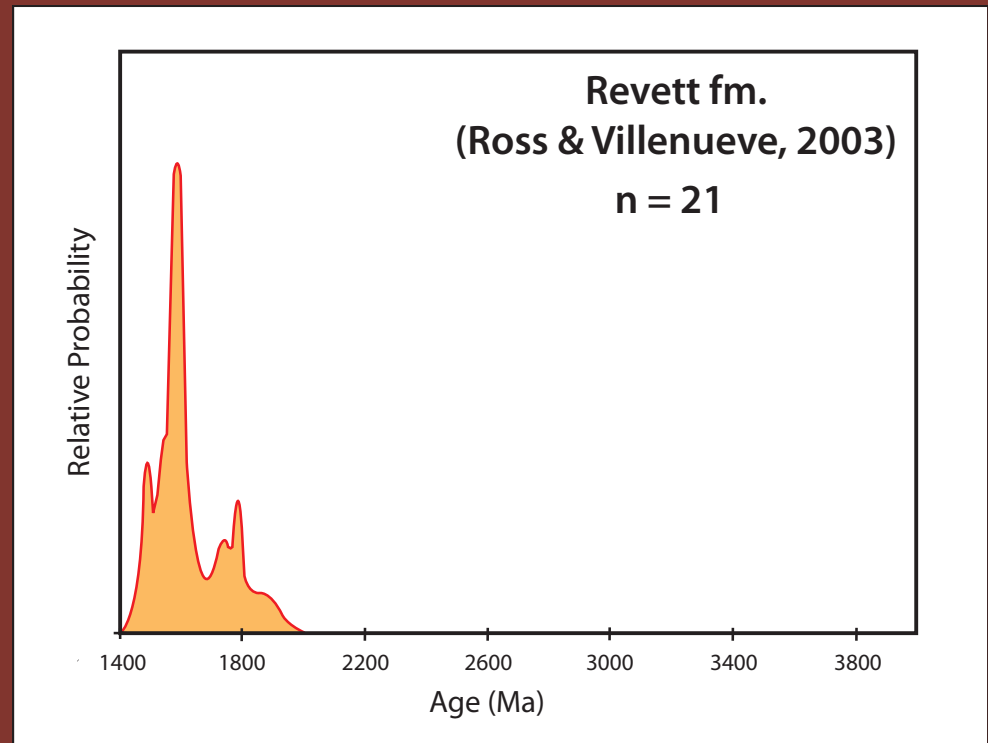
Modified after Ross and Villeneuve (2003)

Ravalli Group – Revett fm.

- Dominant peak at 1.6 Ga
- Non-North American input
- Small 1.8 Ga peak - no Archean zircons
- Feldspathic, interbedded with siltite and argillite

	Garrett Range
Missoula Group	McNamara
	Bonner
	Striped Peak
Middle Belt Carbonate	Wallace
Ravalli Group	Revett
	Burke
Lower Belt	Prichard

1.0 km



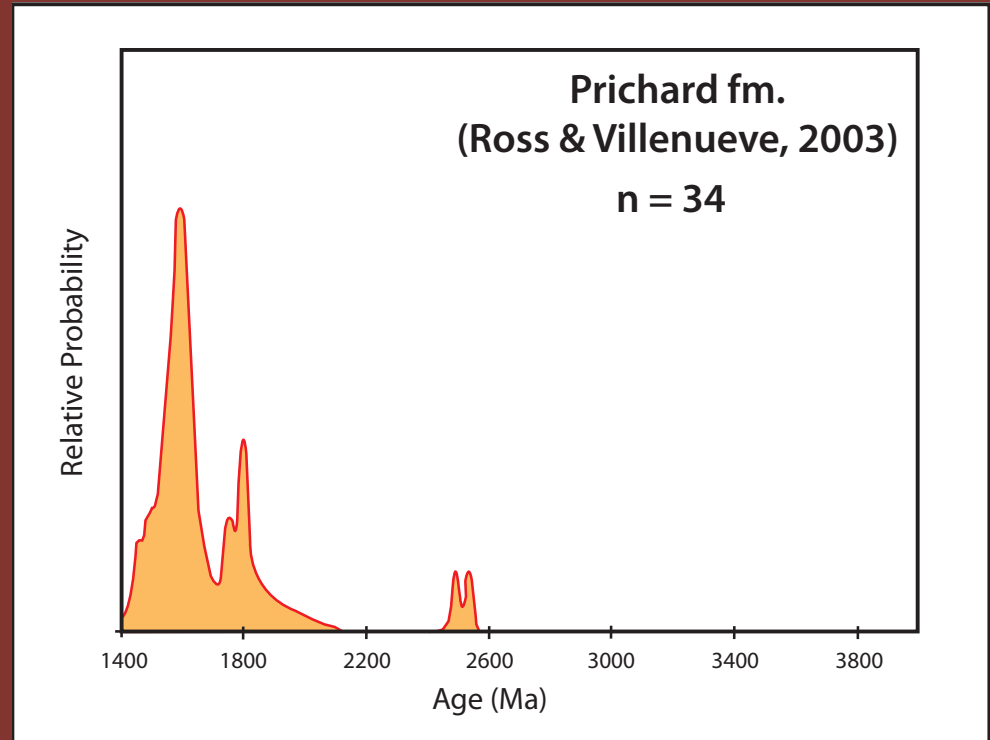
Modified after Ross and Villeneuve (2003)

Lower Belt - Prichard

- Dominant peak at 1.6 Ga
- Non-North American input
- Small 1.8 Ga peak - few Neoarchean zircons
- Feldspathic, interbedded with siltite and argillite

Missoula Group	Garnet Range
	McNamara
	Bonner
	Striped Peak
Middle Belt Carbonate	Wallace
	St. Regis
Ravalli Group	Revelt
	Burke
Lower Belt	Prichard

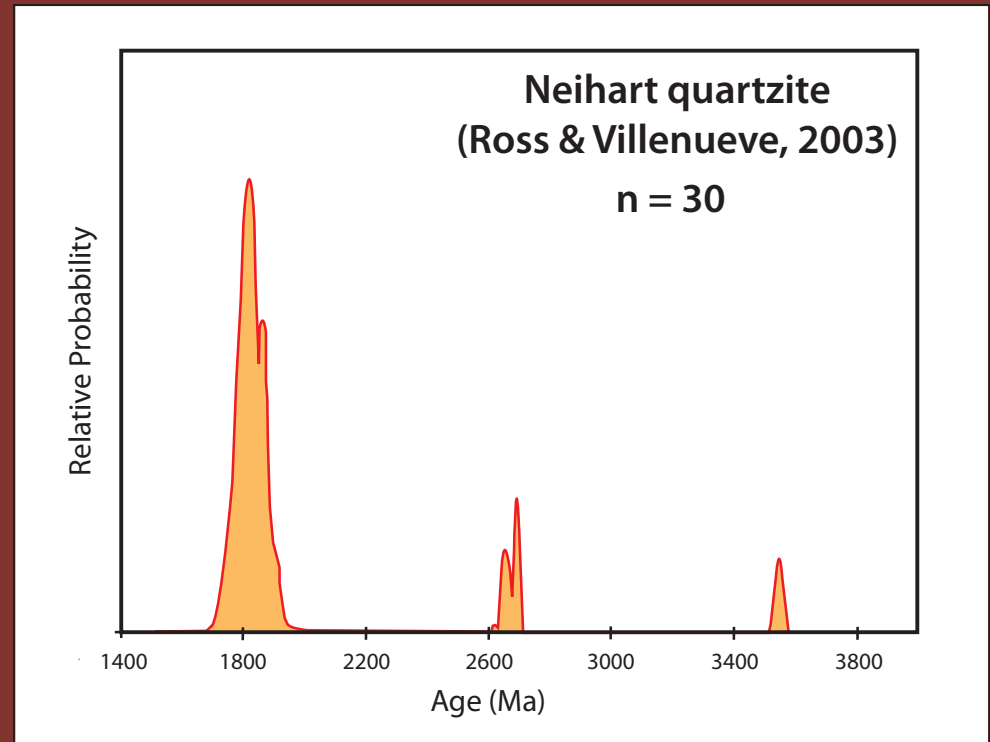
1.0 km



Modified after Ross and Villeneuve (2003)

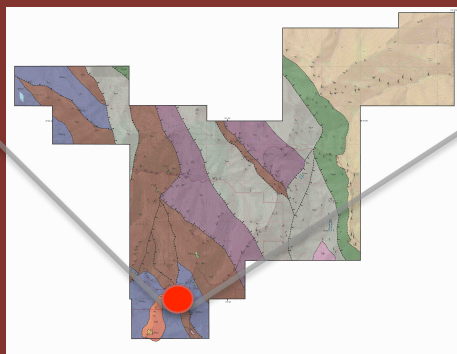
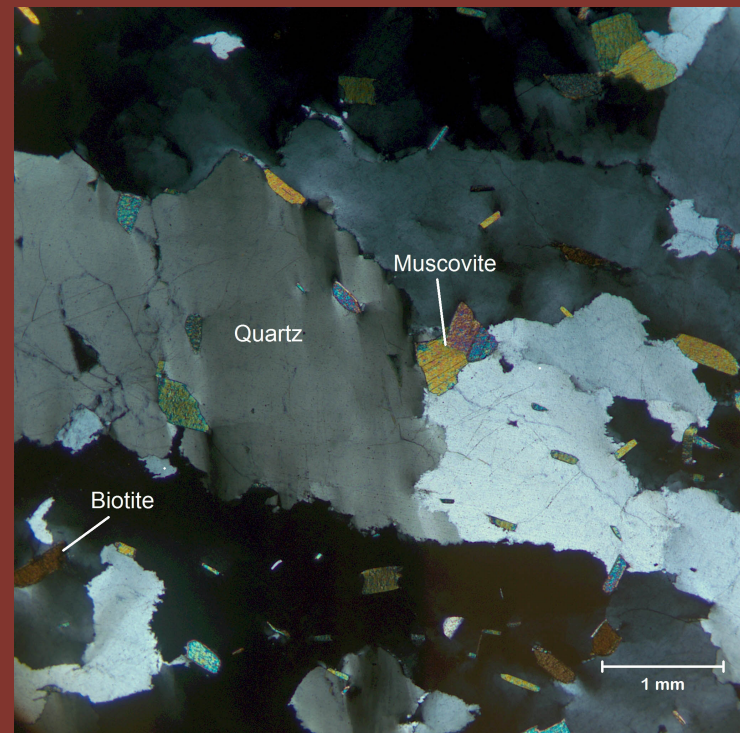
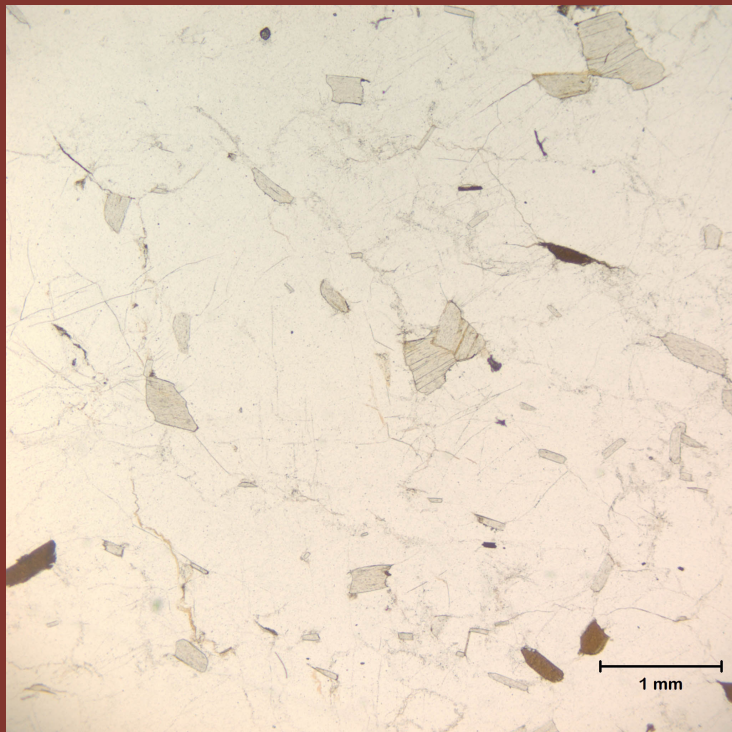
Neihart quartzite

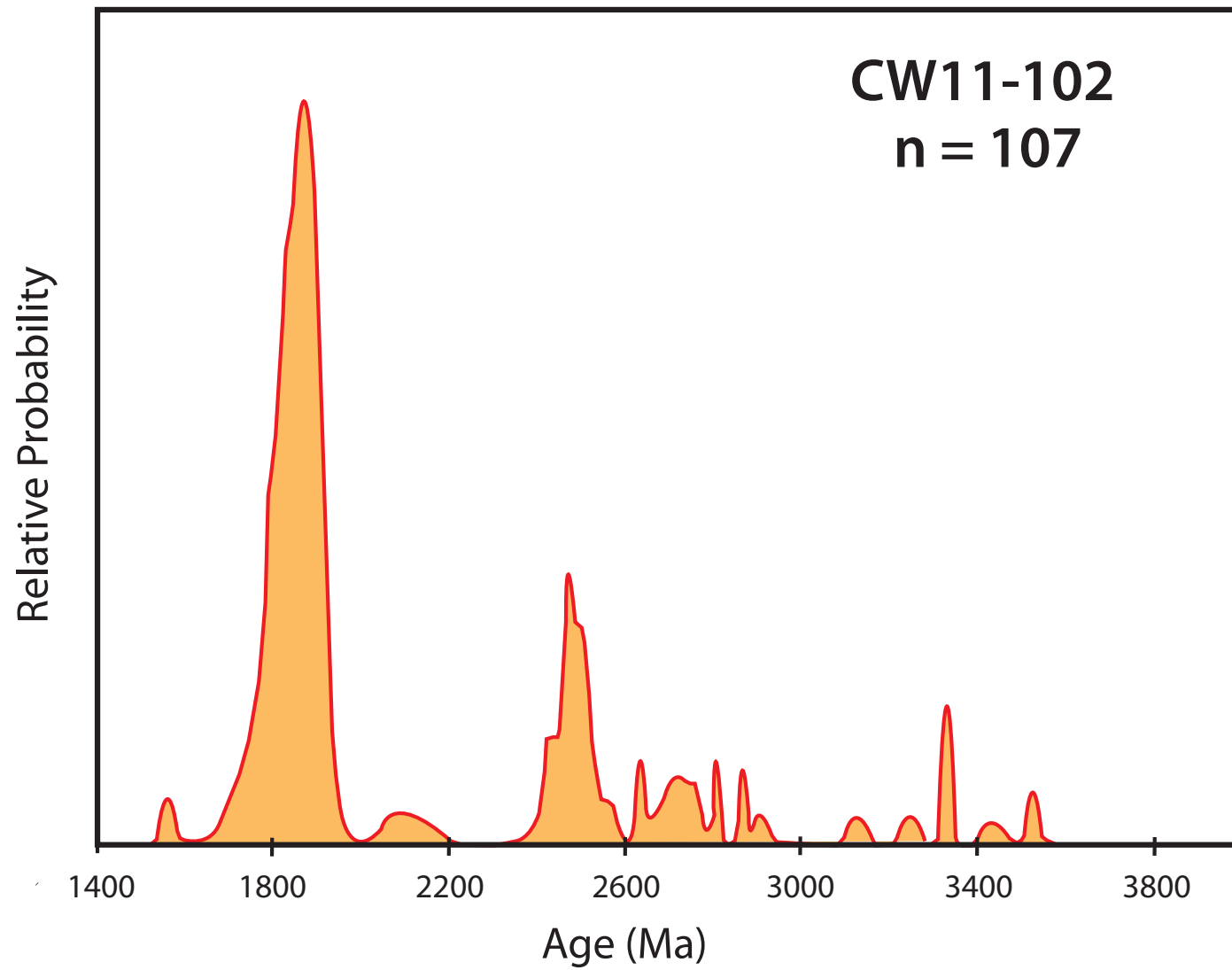
- Predates Belt deposition
- Dominant peak at 1.8 Ga
- Lack of non-North American input
- Smaller Neo- and Mesoarchean components
- Pure quartz arenite



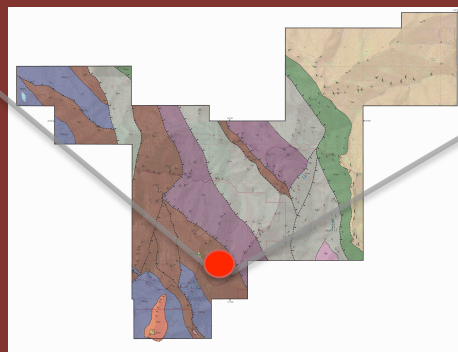
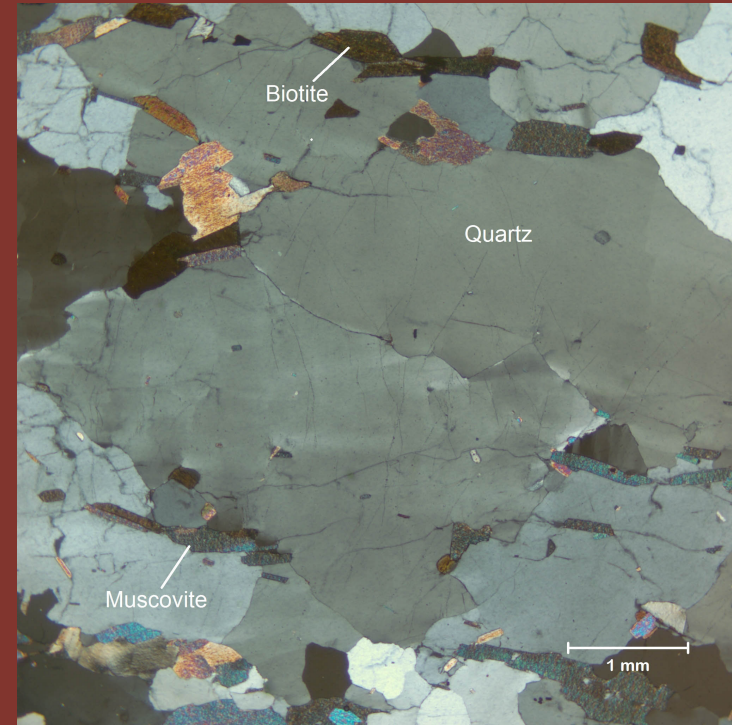
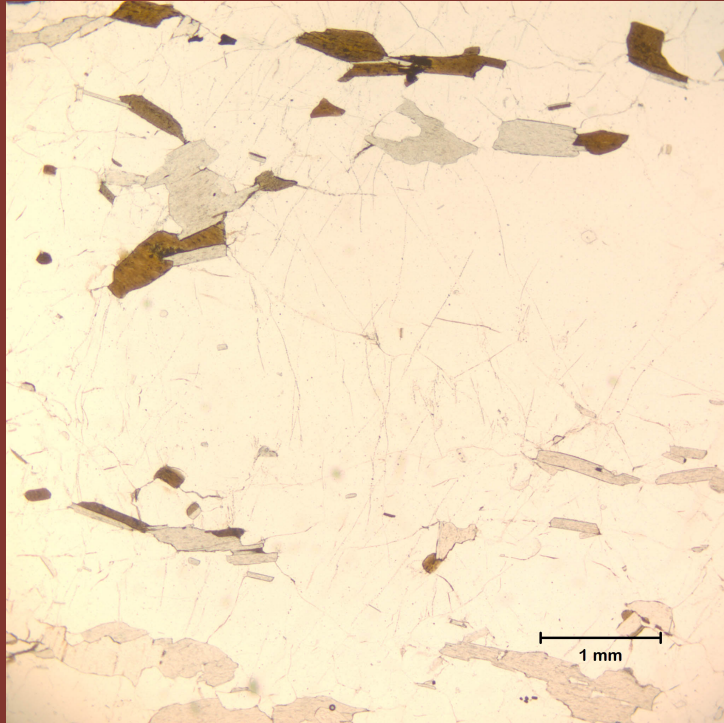
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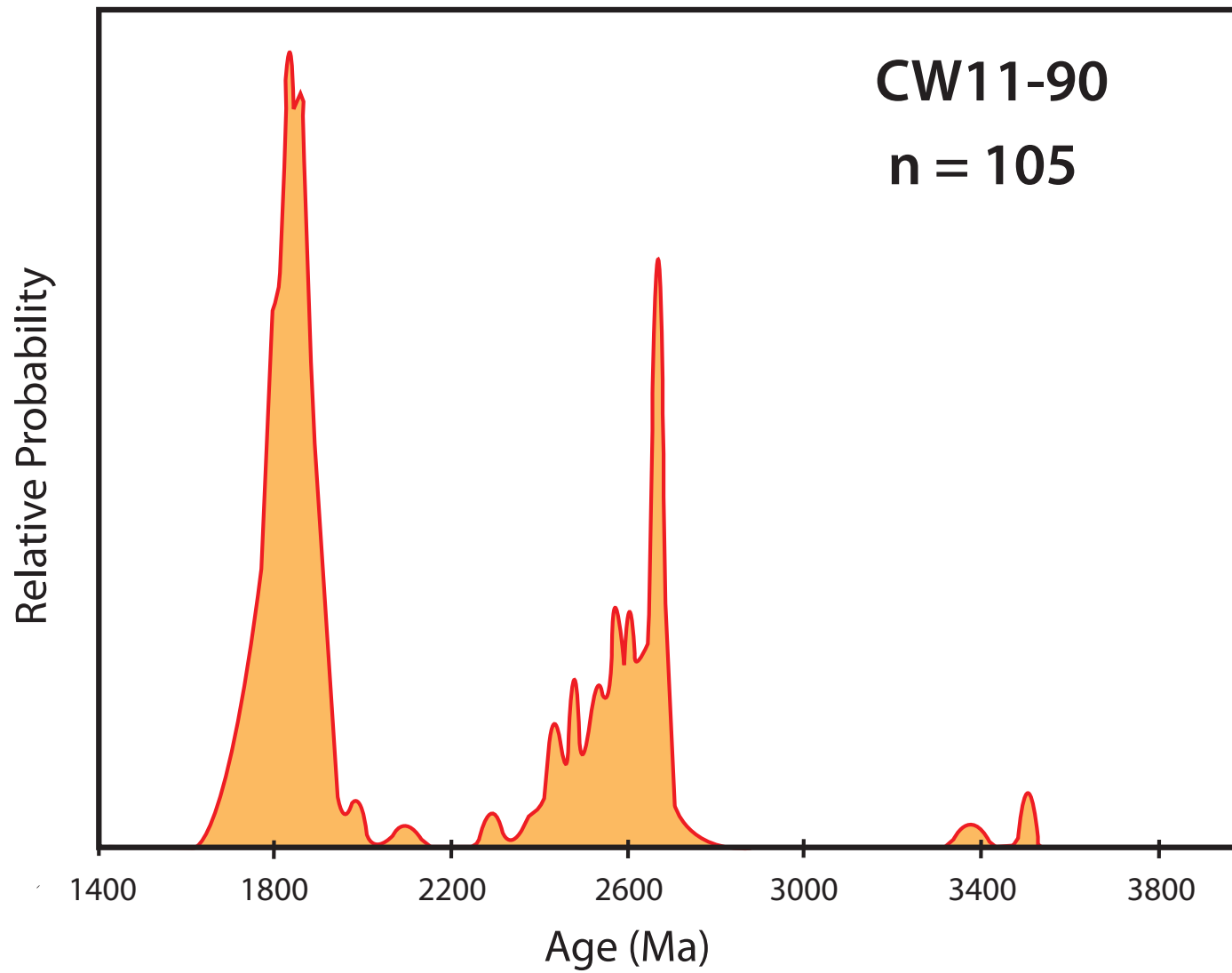
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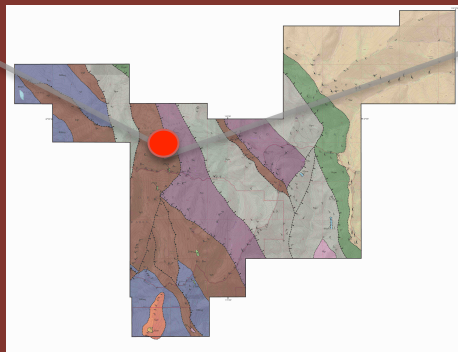
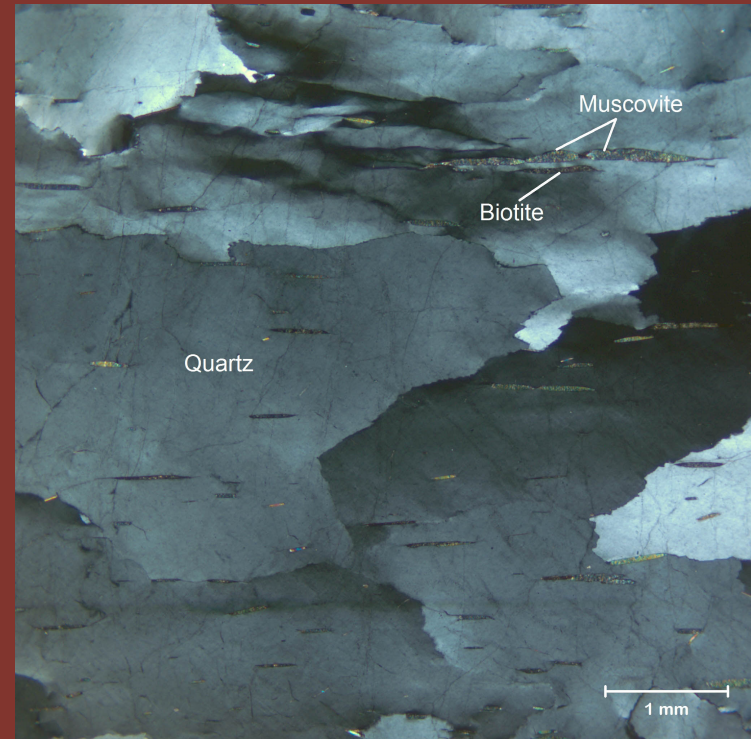
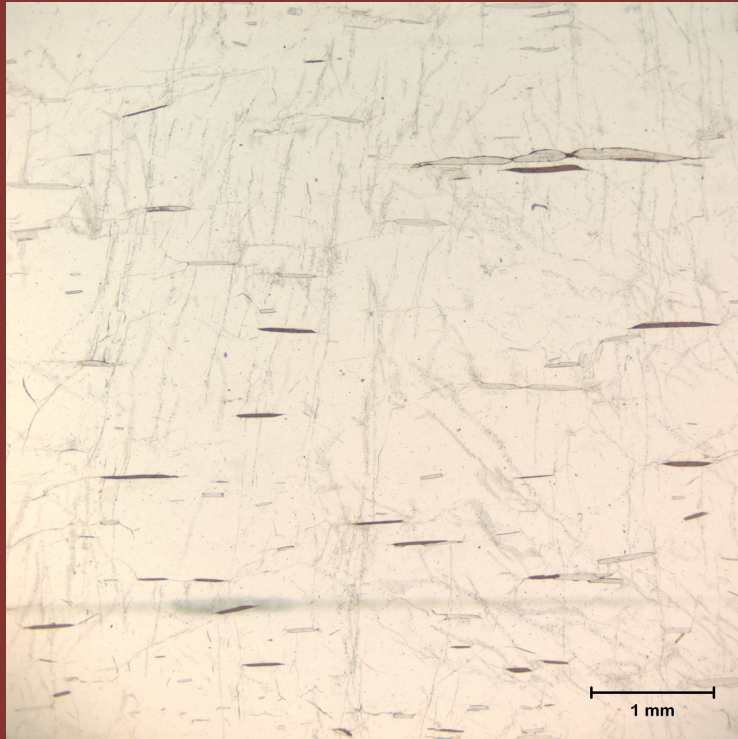


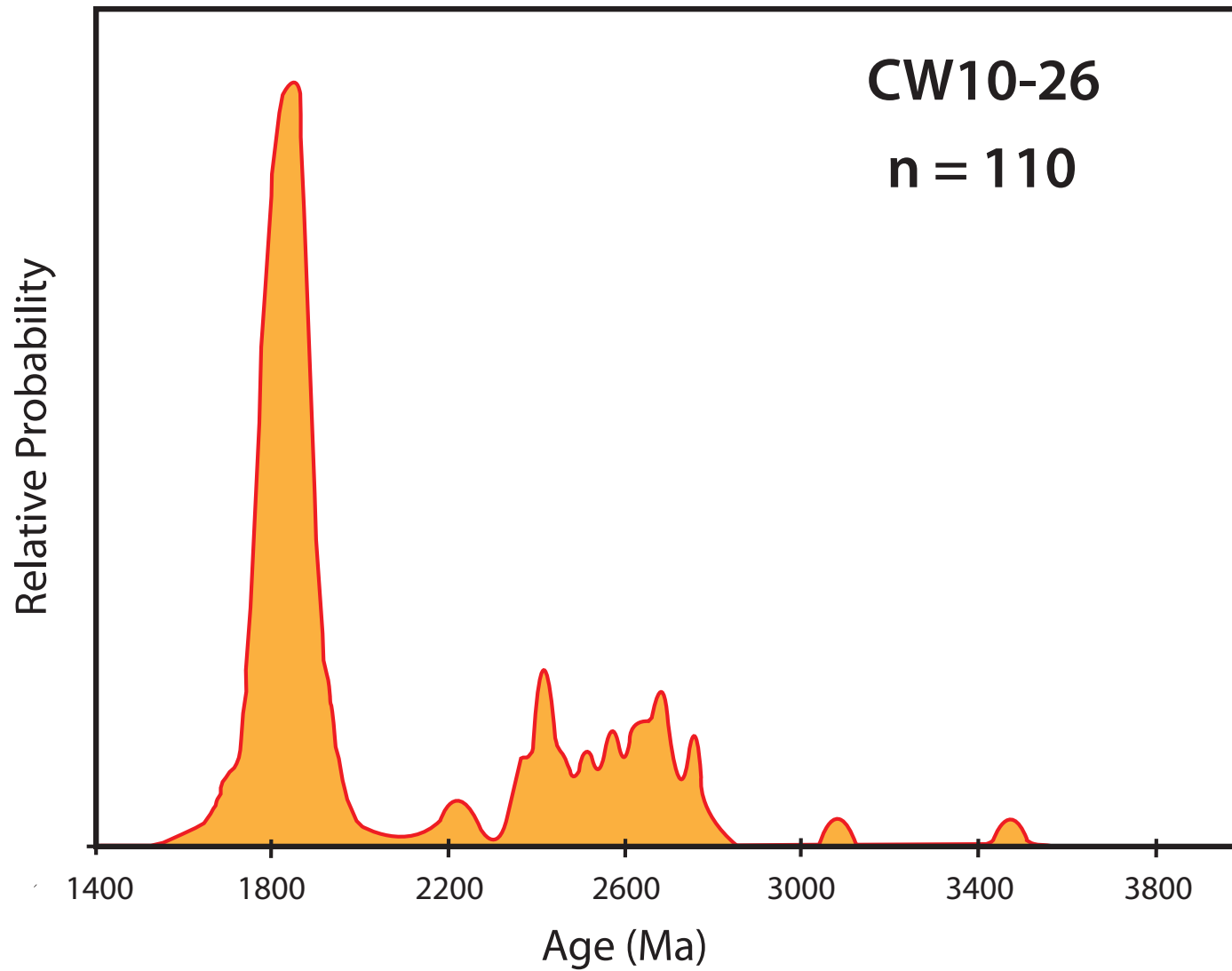
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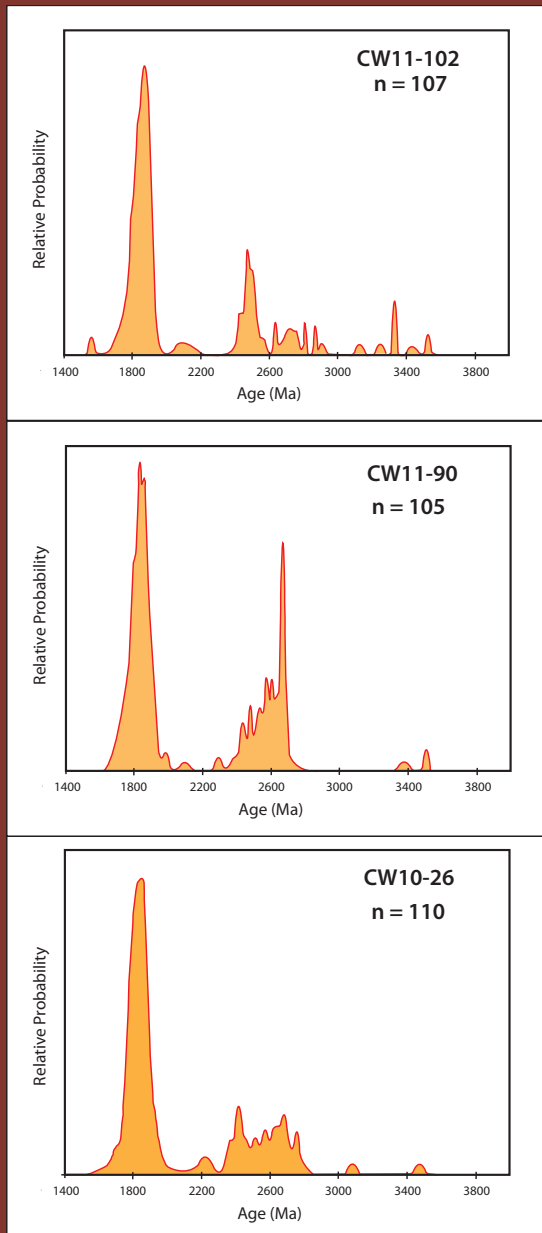




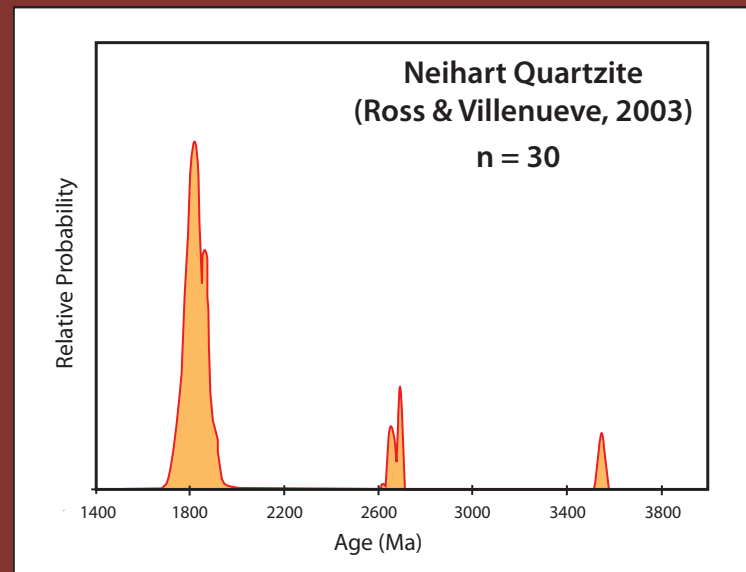
CW10-26

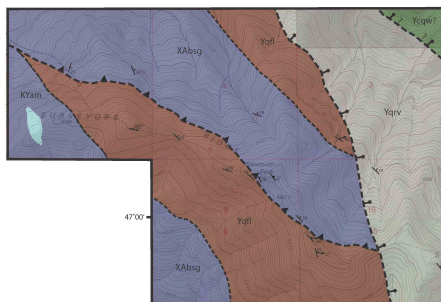




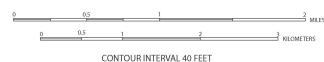
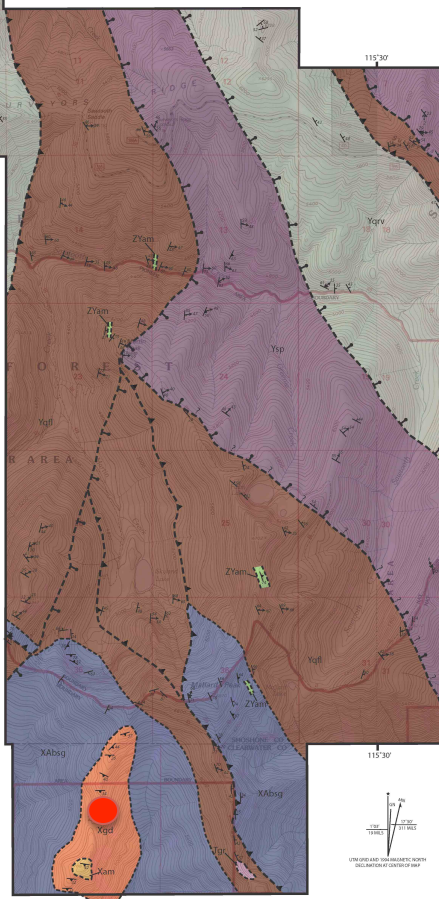


- Dominant population at ~1.8 Ga
- Smaller Paleoproterozoic – Mesoarchean component
- Lack of non-North American grains
- Predates Belt Supergroup
- Similar to other Pre-Belt quartzites in Clearwater and Priest River (Doughty and Chamberlain, 2007; Doughty et al., 2008)
- Correlates with Neihart quartzite (Pre-Belt)

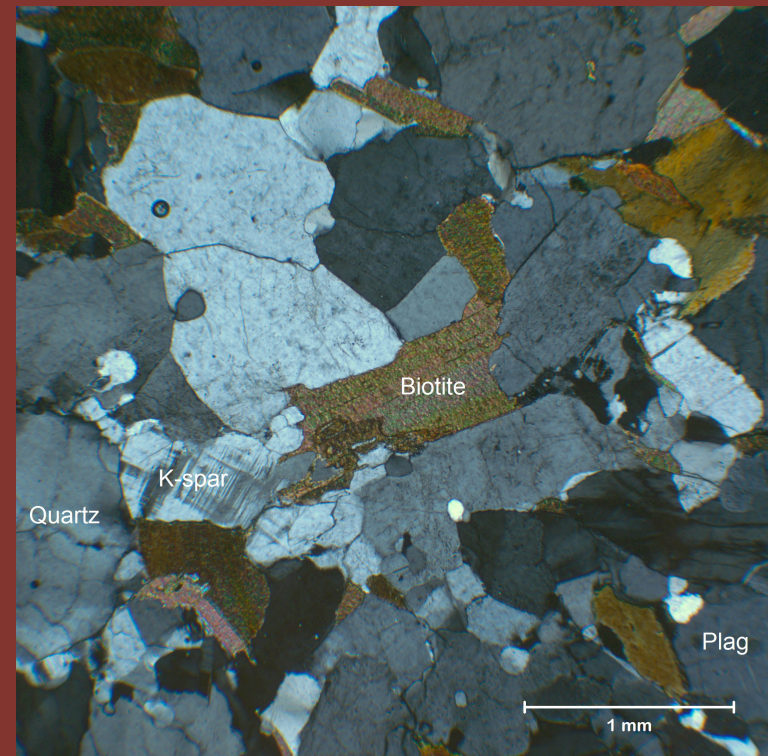
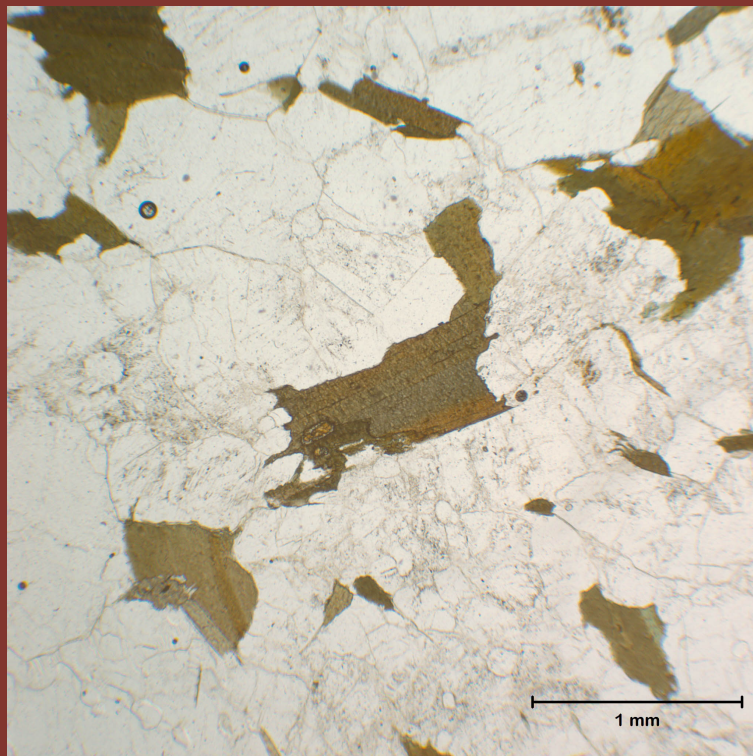




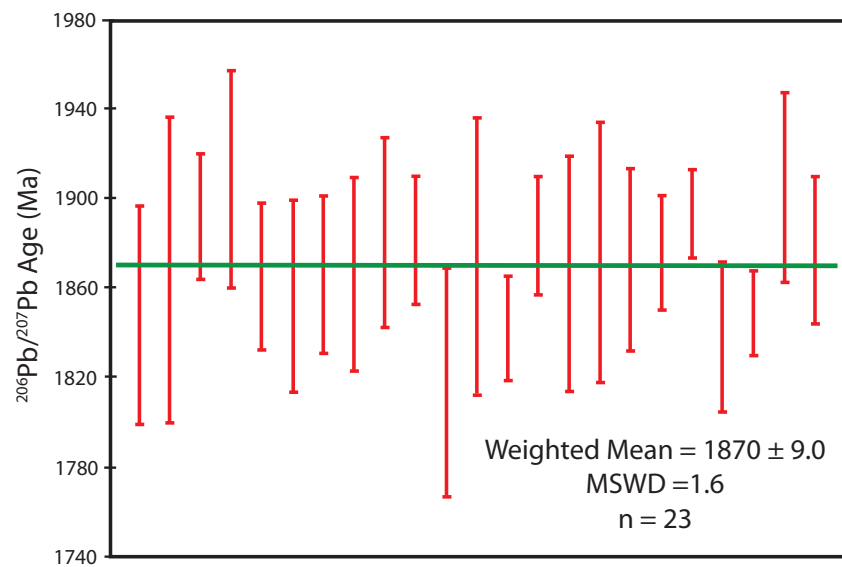
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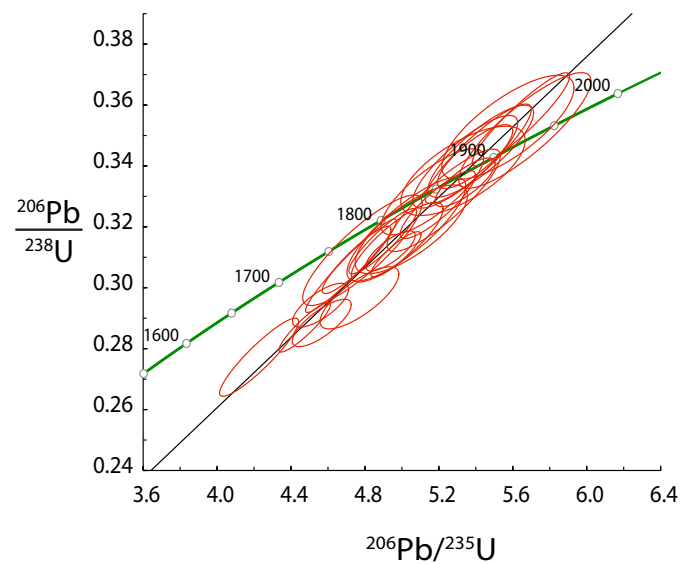
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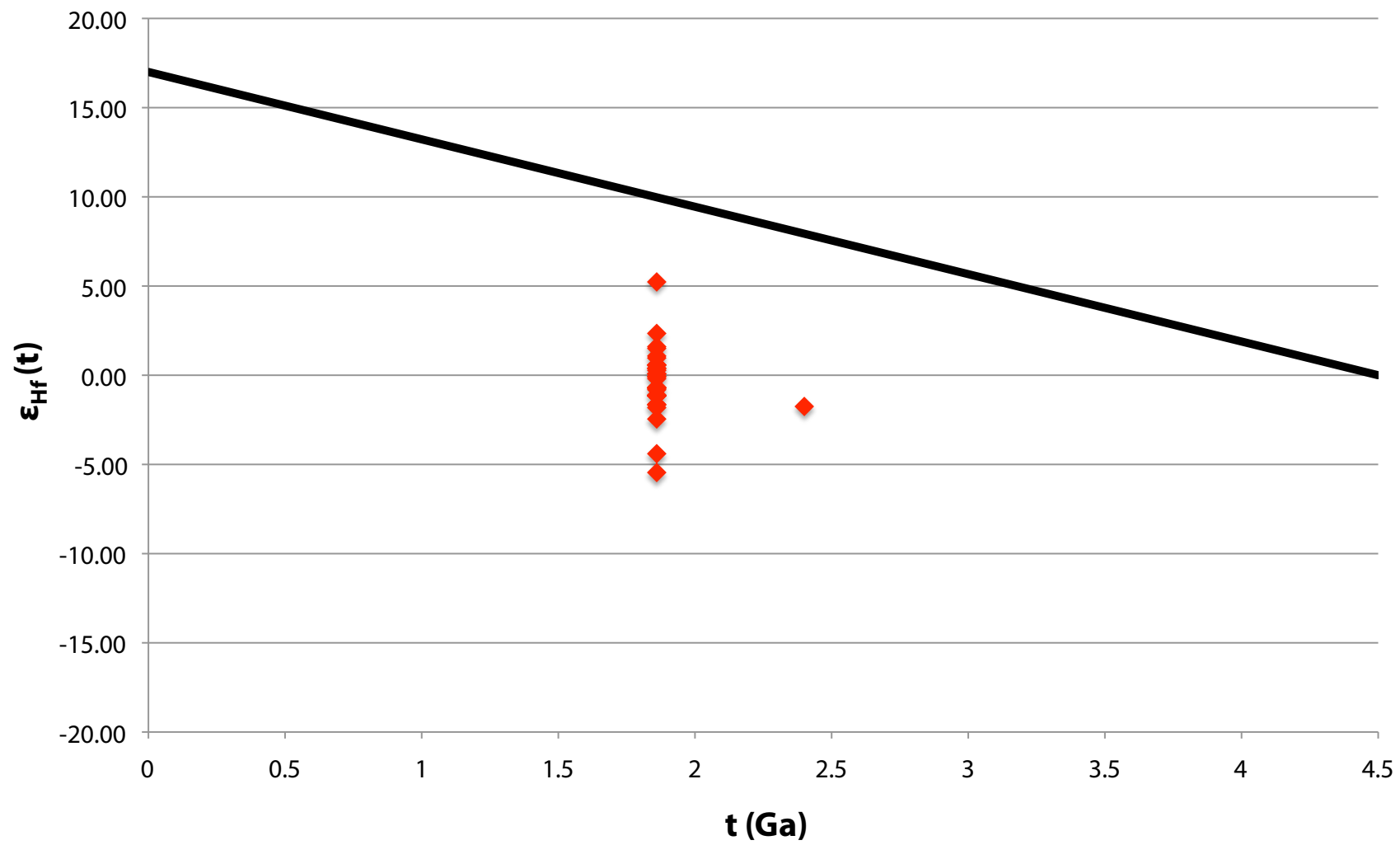
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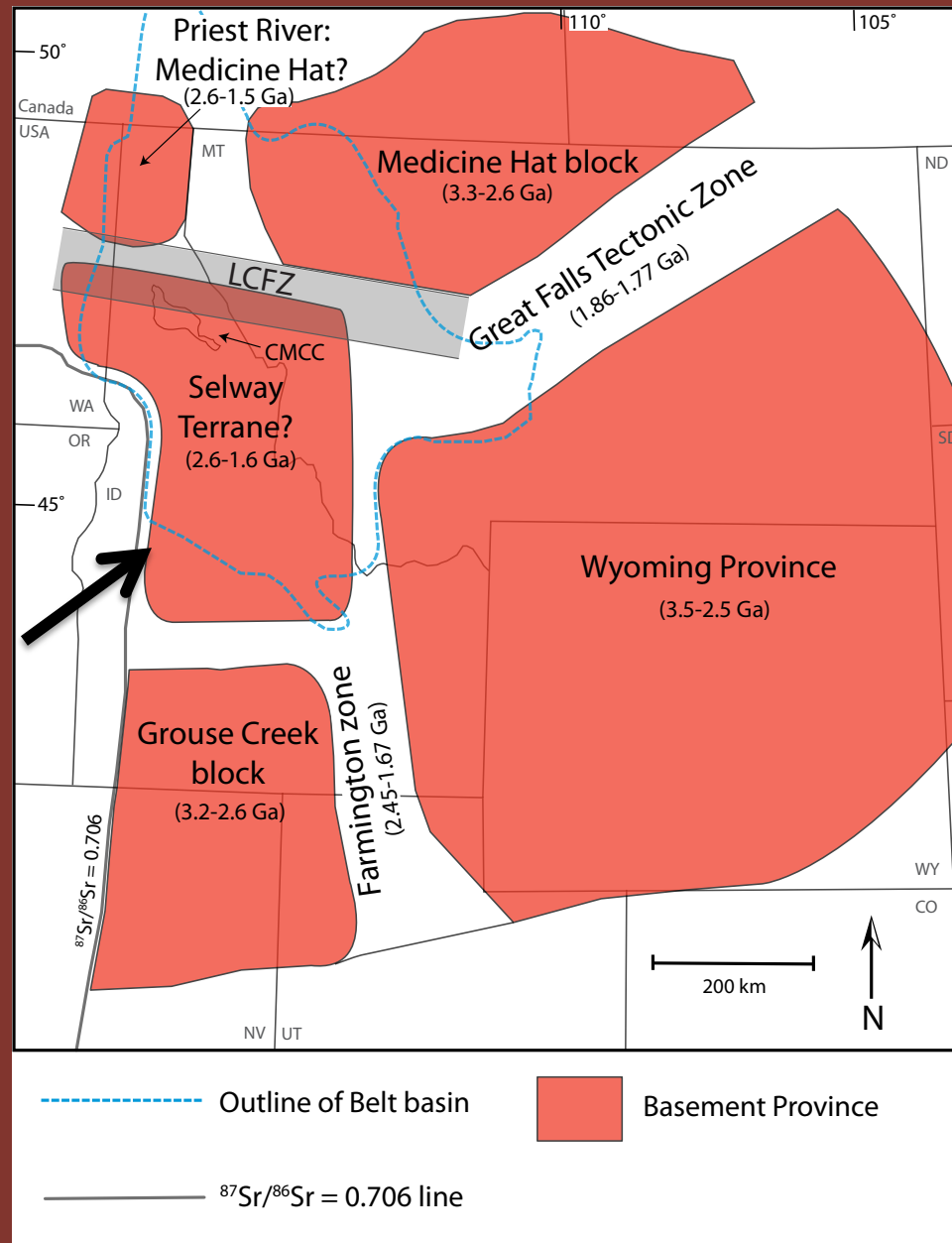


CW11-94



CW11-94





Modified after Foster et al. (2006)

Conclusions

- Quartzite
 - Feldspar-poor – suggests arenite protolith
 - Dominant population at 1.8 Ga with smaller Neo- and Mesoarchean peaks
 - Correlated to Pre-Belt Neihart quartzite
- Orthogneiss
 - 1.87 Ga - similar in age to other orthogneiss in:
 - Clearwater (e.g. Jansen et al., 2011)
 - Little Belt Mtns. magmatic arc in GFTZ (Mueller et al., 2004)
 - Zircon Hf: Two magma sources – 1) mantle and 2) juvenile Paleoproterozoic (2.0-2.5 Ga) crust

Acknowledgements

- This project was funded by:
 - Belt Association
 - Colorado Scientific Society
 - USGS EDMAP
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- Special recognition to Don Winston and Chelsea Ward-Waller