COLLISIONAL TECTONICS OF THE SOUTHERN APPALACHIAN OROGENIC BELT -REINTERPRETATION OF ADCOH AND COCORP SEISMIC REFLECTION DATA WITH CONSTRAINTS FROM NEW POTENTIAL FIELD DATA



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Major Findings

- Grenville basement extends eastward underneath the Carolina Terrane.
- Appalachian Paired Gravity Anomaly can be explained without a change in lower-crustal density (Grenville basement).
- The low-density Piedmont Blue Ridge Allochthon over-thrusts dense footwall duplex structures (Grenville basement) and not platform sediments.



Regional Gravity Anomaly Map

Appalachian Paired Gravity Anomaly

Hayesville Anomaly



	Densities	Densities Used in Gravity Forward Modelling					
\cap	Unit		Density (g/cc)		Reference		Data
	Allochtho	onous Crust	2.79		Warren et al. (1966);		Dala
	(Carolina Magnetic Susceptibilities Used in Magnetic Forward Modelli						
		Unit		Density (cgs)		Reference	
-	Mafic Int	Allochthonous Crust (Carolina Terrane)		0-1 X 10 ⁻²		Sumner (197 Cumbest et a	77); al. <i>,</i>
2	Paleozoic				(1992)		
	Laurentia	Mafic Intrusions		6-7 X 10 ⁻²		Sumner (197 Cumbest et a (1992)	77); al. <i>,</i>
+	Proterozo Cambriar	Granite Intrusions		0-4 X 10 ⁻³		Cumbest et al., (1992); Tuten and Berry (2013)	
	Grenville	Coastal Plain Sediments		0		Cumbest et a (1992)	al.,
4	Mantle		3.4		Warren e Christens	t al. (1966); en (1989)	

Previous Models of the Appalachian Paired Gravity Anomaly





COCORP Seismic Data









Model with Basement Grabens



Model without Basement Grabens



Seismically defined basement grabens only produce a ~ 1 mGal anomaly, and cannot make a major contribution to the Appalachian gravity gradient as proposed by Favret and Williams (1988).

Conclusions and Implications



Appalachian Paired Gravity Anomaly -

- explained without a density contrast in the lower crust
- possible that Grenville basement rocks extend eastward underneath the Carolina Terrane

Conclusions and Implications



Relative Gravity High within Appalachian Low -

- dense material required is unlikely to be platform sediments
- eastern edge of platform sediments does not underlie the Blue Ridge, as previously interpreted
- instead, the material forming the basement duplex or imbricate structures may need to be reinterpreted as basement horse blocks and not Paleozoic shelf strata

Retro-Deformed Model



- Model illustrates block configuration at ~ 330 Ma, prior to final closure of the Paleo-Atlantic and Alleghanian ٠ Orogenesis.
- Retro-deformation was created by pulling out the 210 km of crustal shortening in the Appalachian Fold/Thrust ٠ Belt (Valley and Ridge), proposed by Hatcher (2007).
- Crustal shortening in the Blue Ridge, Inner Piedmont, and Carolina Terrane is not taken into account. ٠
- Thus, this model represents minimum estimates of the eastward extent of platform sediments and the Central ٠ Piedmont Suture. 16

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Regional Geologic Map



Velocity Structure of BR, IP, CT



Shelf Strata under CPS

