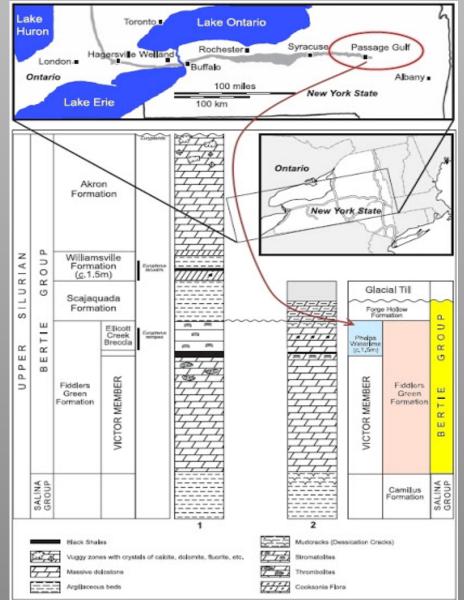
A PRIDOLIAN (OR EARLIER) SILURIAN
TERRESTRIAL PLANT COMMUNITY IN THE
BERTIE GROUP LAGERSTATTE OF EASTERN
NEW YORK

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Map of the Bertie Group



The Lang Quarry



Eurypterus



Acutiramis







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The Bertie Lagerstatte

Low frequency

Finding fossils in the quarry is infrequent High diversity

many taxa present in very low numbers

Morphology is well preserved Structure is mostly absent Most non eurypterids are undescribed

Stromatolite Litchfield, NY





Algae?







cf. *Rhizomorphia identification by the Field Museum*



Octaradial charophyte "Ezekiel's Wheel"(Buffalo area)



Prototaxites and similar genera (fungus)





Fertile "Cooksonia"

counterpart of the one at right is at the Royal Ontario Museum



NOTE:

The rarity of plant reproductive structures

- The near total absence of root structures on the land plants
- The lack of general signs of transport
- The paucity of early growth stages
- The organisms did not live where we find them and were transported gently from a variety of nearby environments

Liverworts?



"Liverwort"

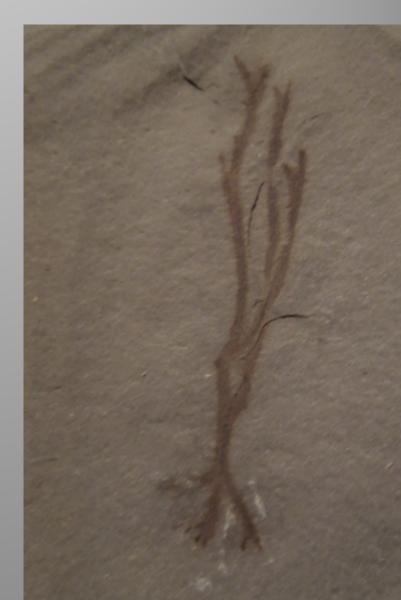


Aff. Zosterophyllum



Moss-like plant with enations







Plant with rhizome



"Protolignophyte" an early tree relative?



The Silurian,

not the Devonian seems to hold the earliest preserved terrestrial plant communities

- The fossil plants are found in the Bertie Group but were transported from nearby areas
- There are animal fossils associated with the plants that may indicate a more advanced terrestrial plant – animal ecosystem than we expect for the age of the Bertie Group
- We must look at even earlier deposits for the beginnings of land plants!

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