

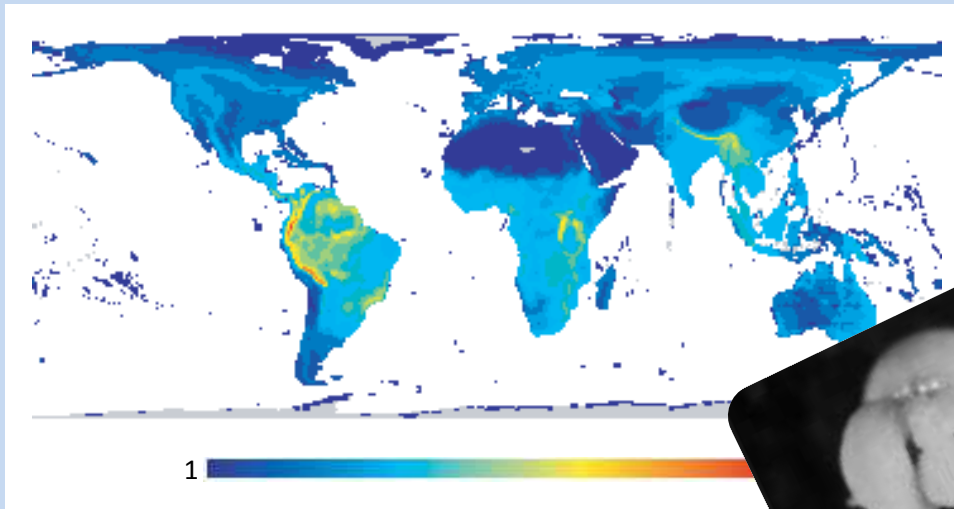


# The Impact of Cenozoic Cooling on the Diversity of Planktonic Foraminifera

Isabel S. Fenton,

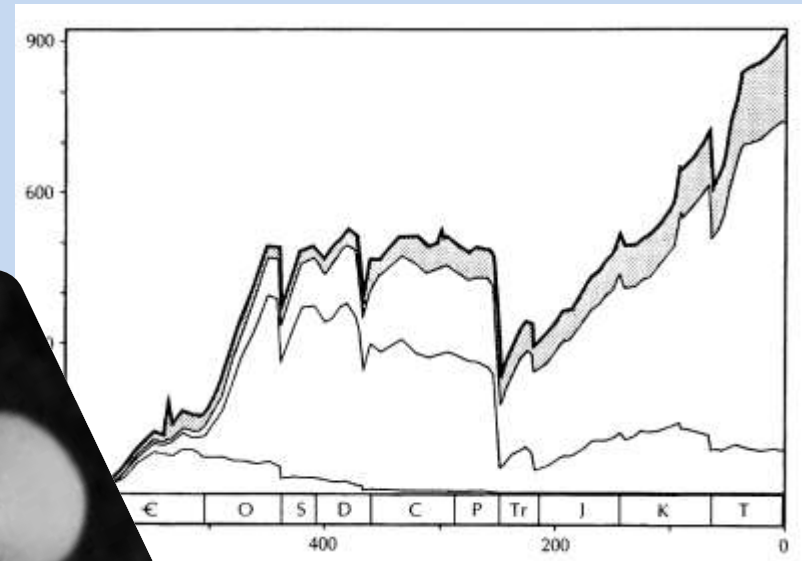
P. N. Pearson, T. Dunkley Jones, A. Purvis,  
A. Farnsworth, D. J. Lunt, P. Markwick,  
and the Descent into the Icehouse Team

# Studying Diversity in Space and Time

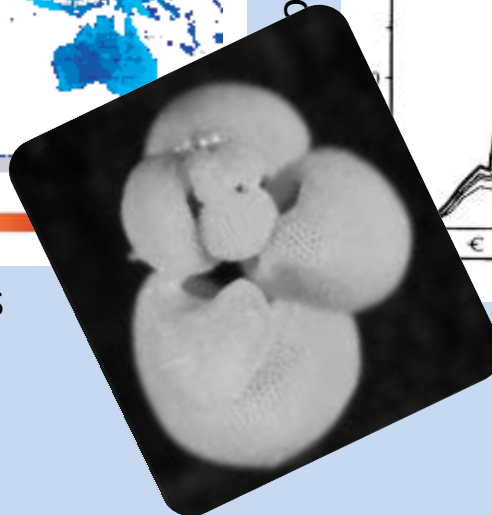


Species richness of birds

of Families

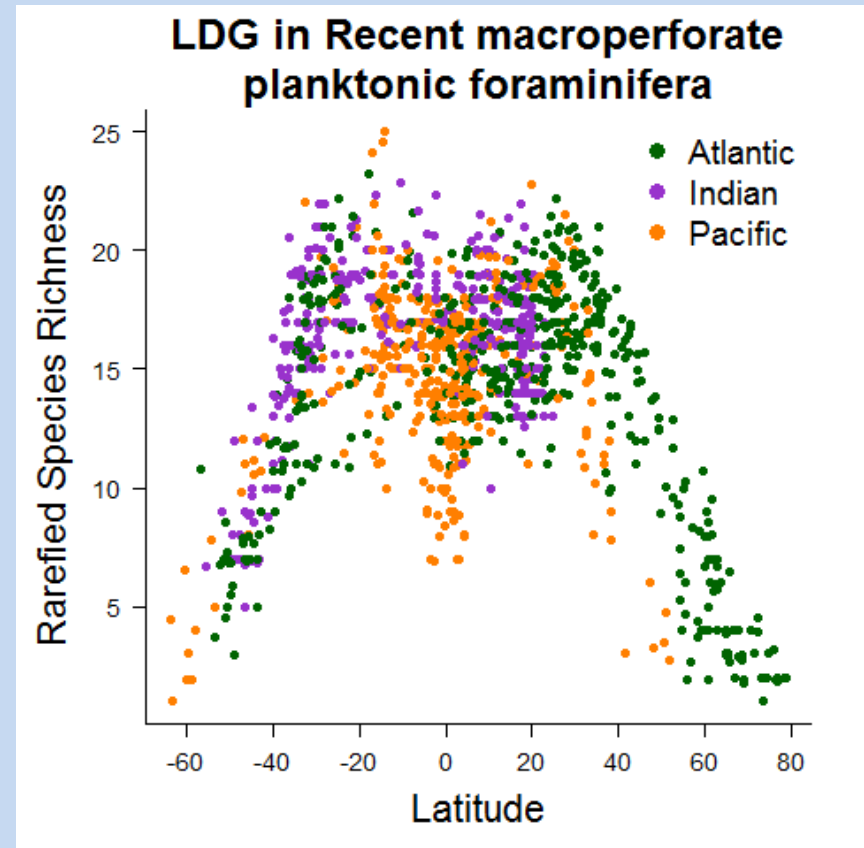


Time / Mya



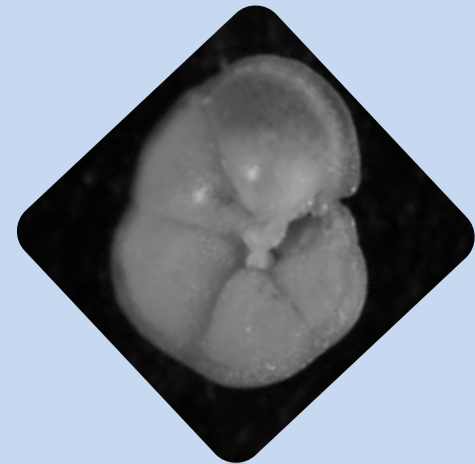
# What is the Latitudinal Diversity Gradient?

- The LDG is found in many taxa, both marine and terrestrial
- Species richness is higher near the equator
- Many explanations, no clear consensus as to the cause

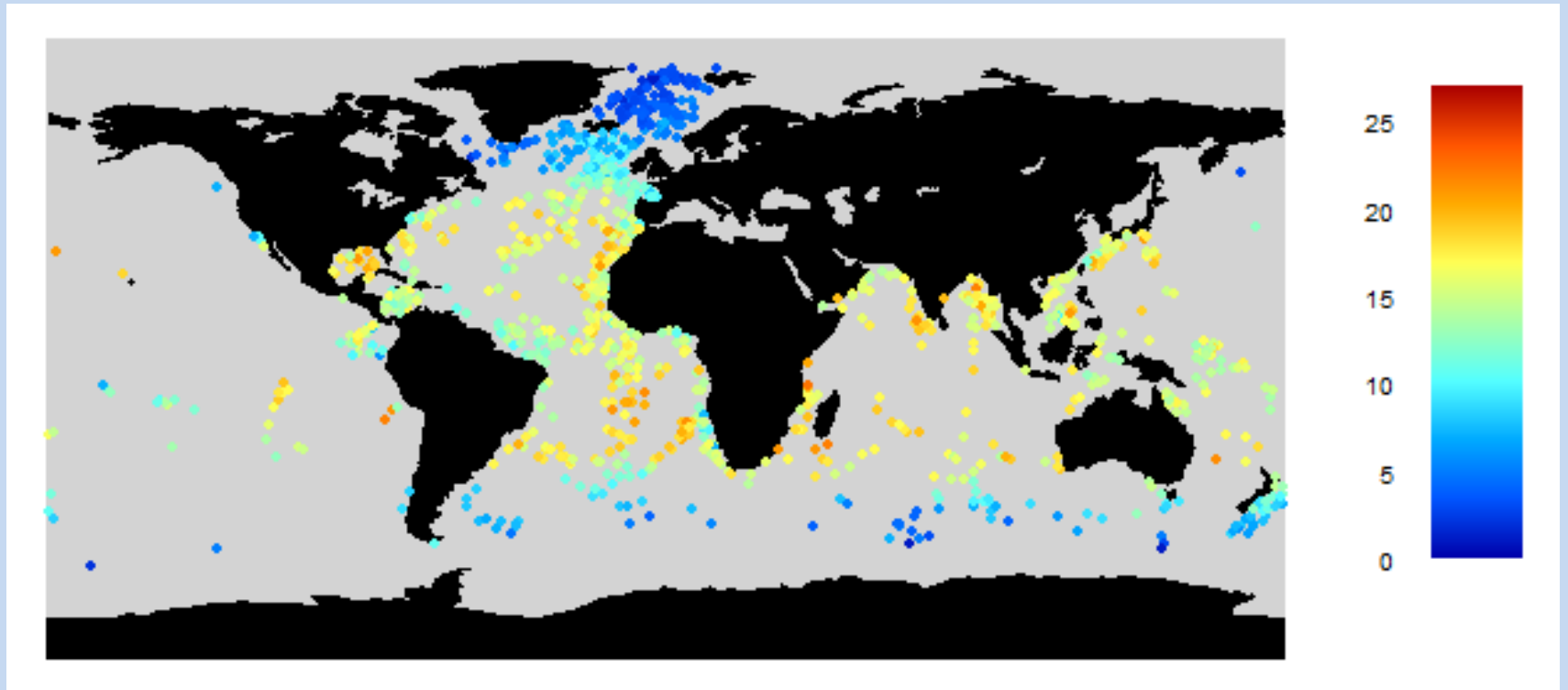


# Aims

1. What drives the species richness of ocean plankton today?
2. Have those drivers remained constant through time?

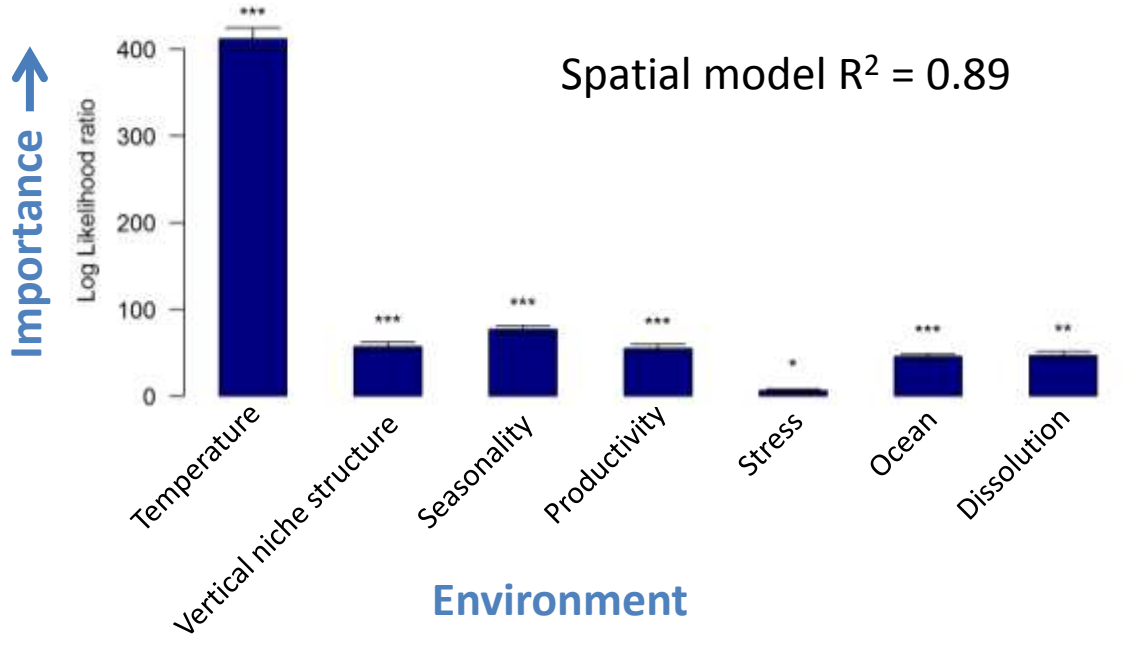
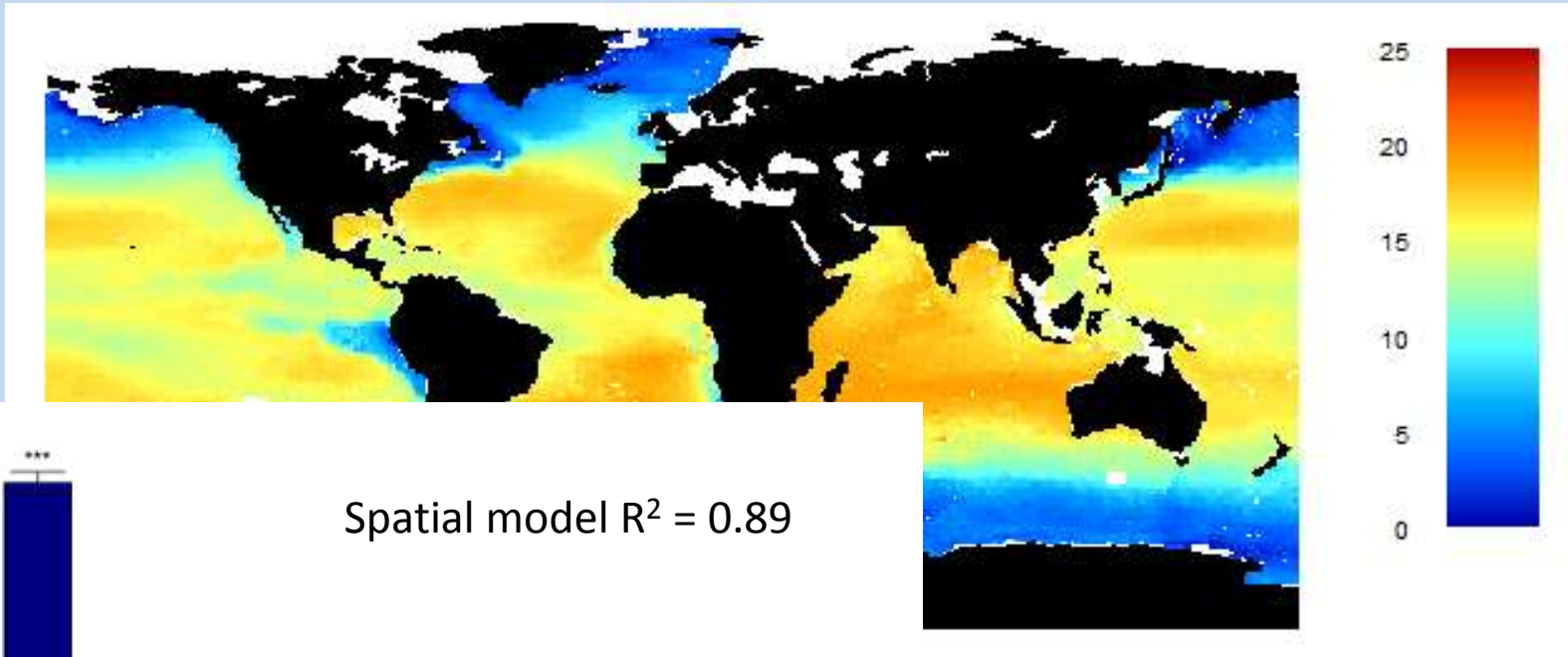


# Observed Recent Richness



# Predicted Recent Richness

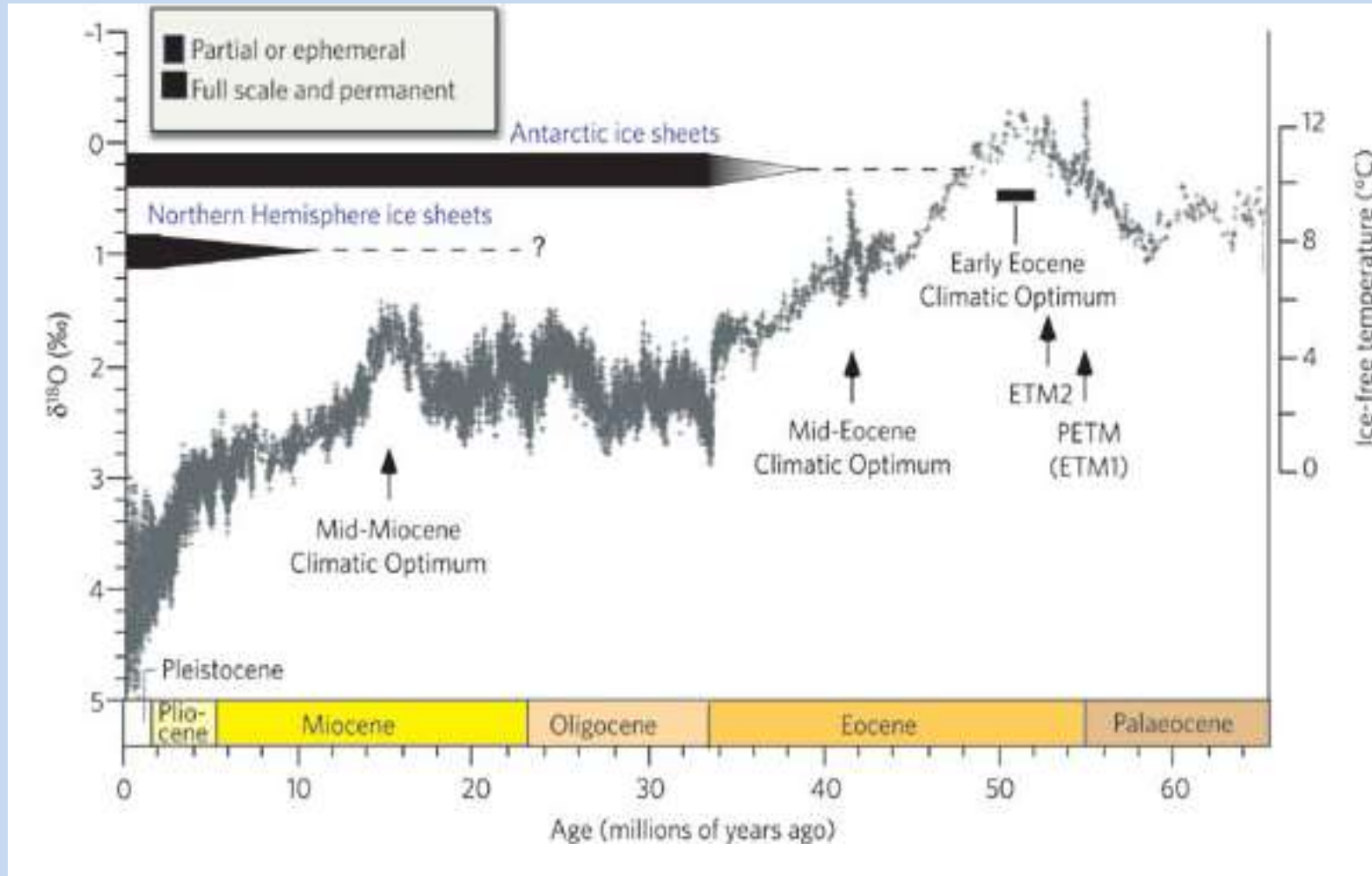
(Spatial autoregressive models; SST a third-order polynomial; first order interactions)



# Aims

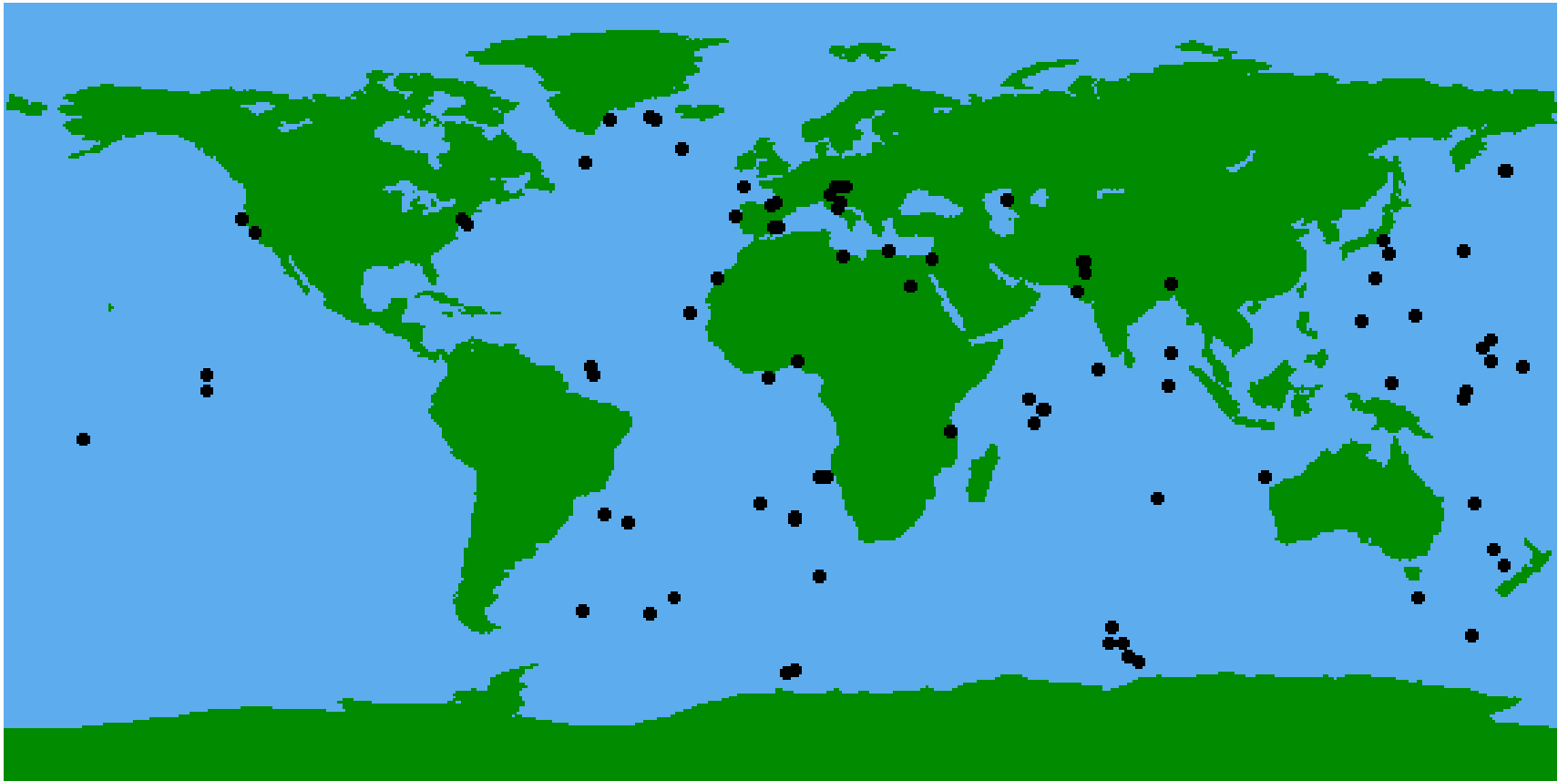
1. What drives the species richness of ocean plankton today?
2. Have those drivers remained constant through time?

# Eocene Environment

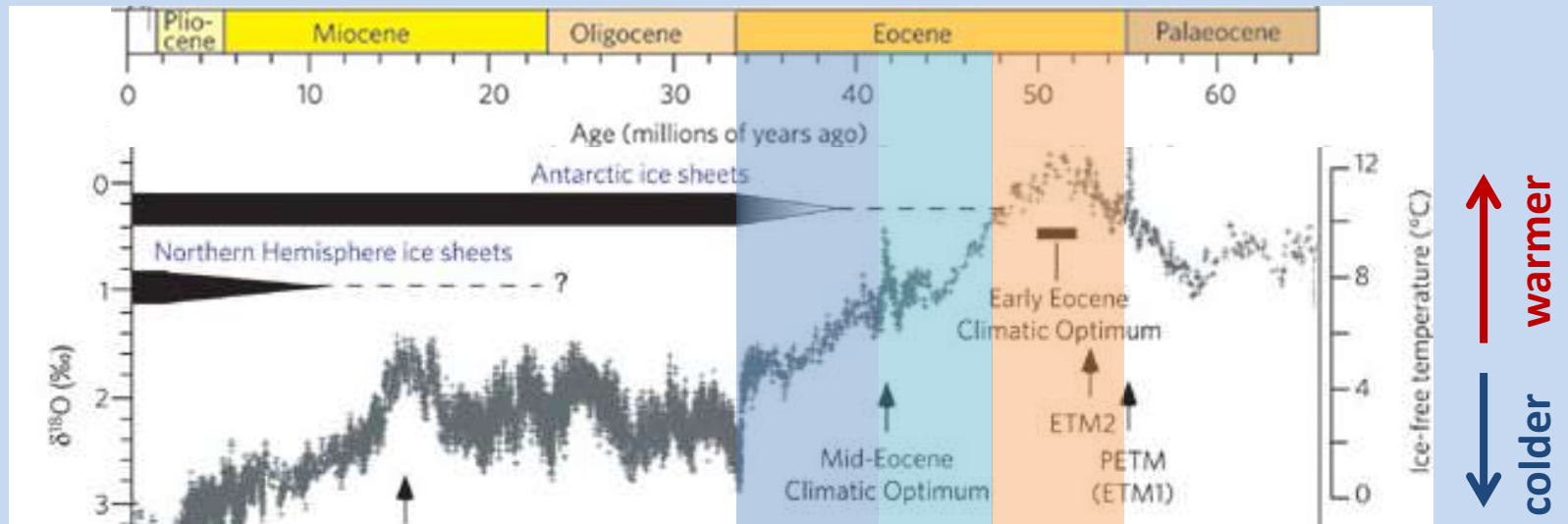




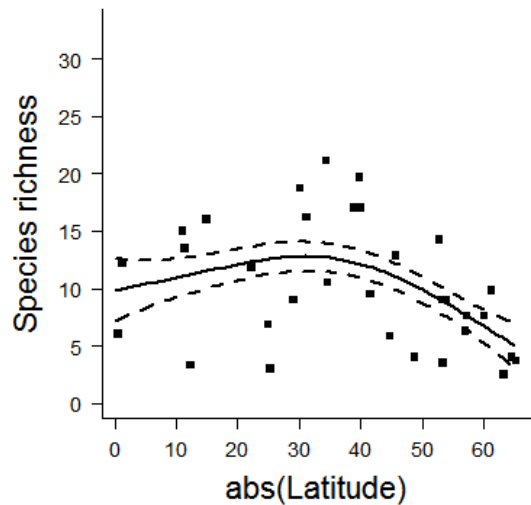
# Eocene Sites



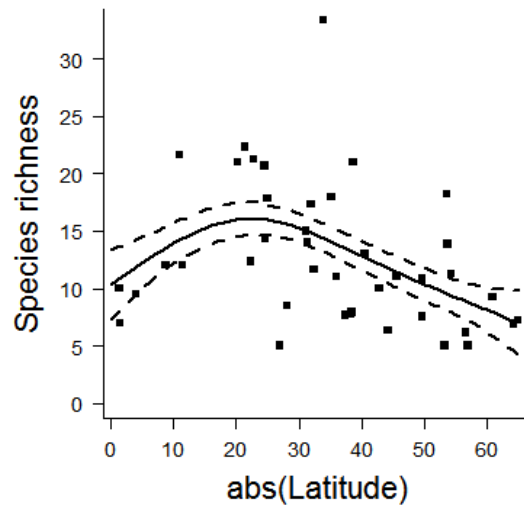
# Observed Eocene Richness



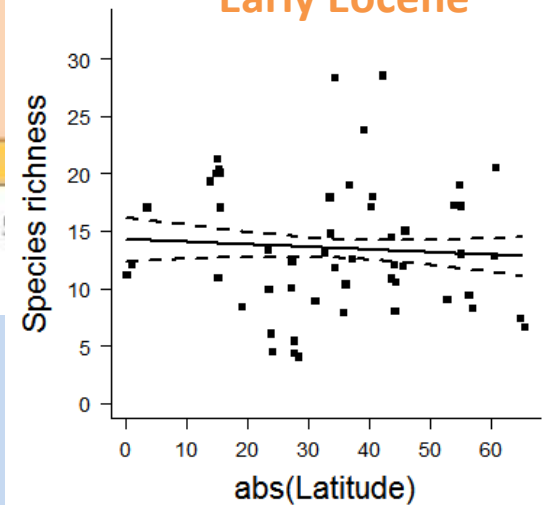
Late Eocene



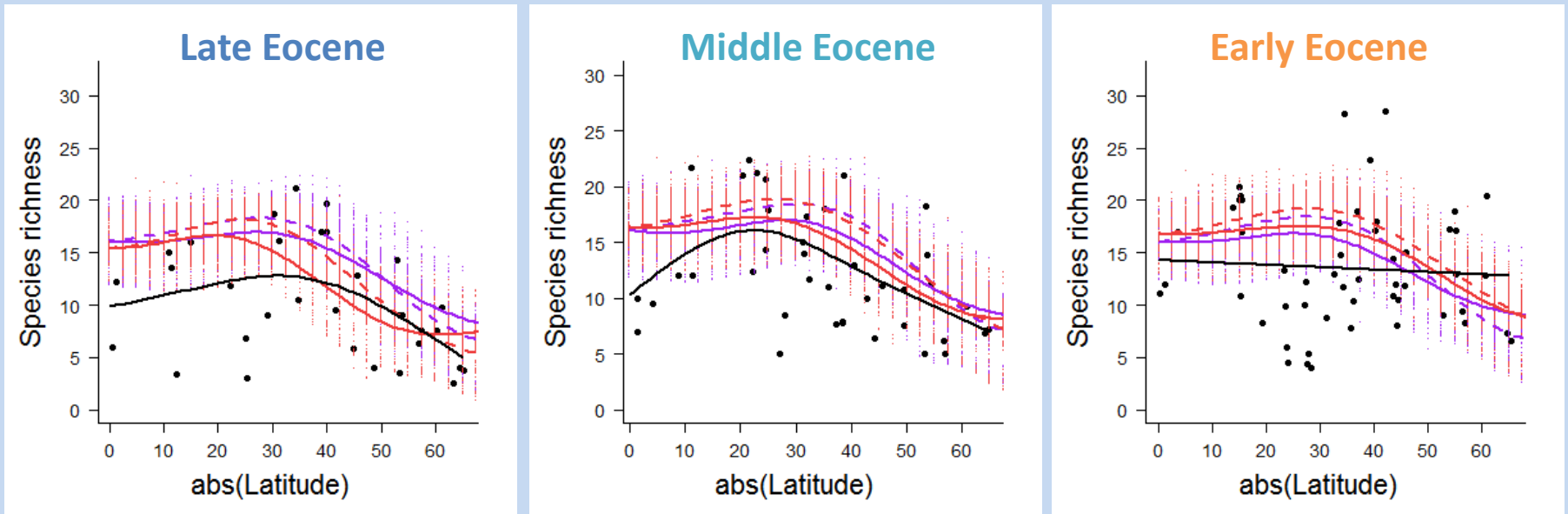
Middle Eocene



Early Eocene



# Comparison of Predicted and Observed Diversity

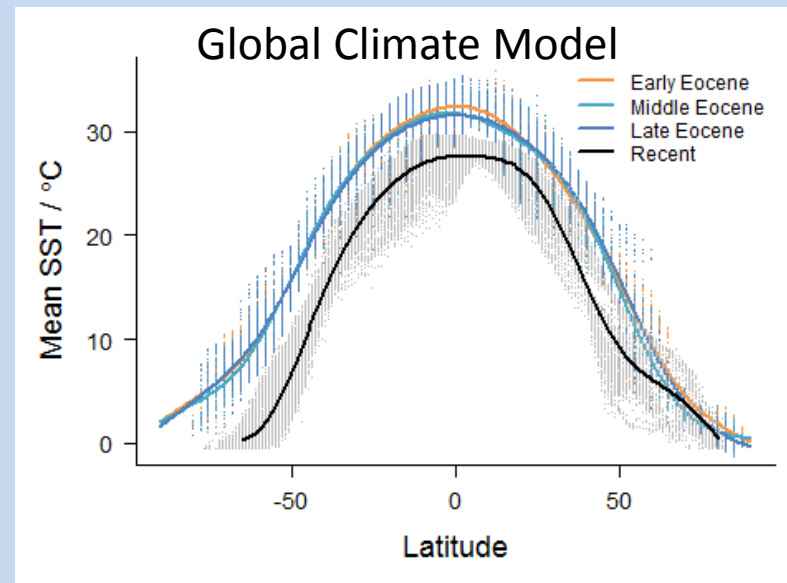


Predicted data  
Tectonics GCM  
CO<sub>2</sub> GCM  
— Northern hemisphere  
- - Southern hemisphere

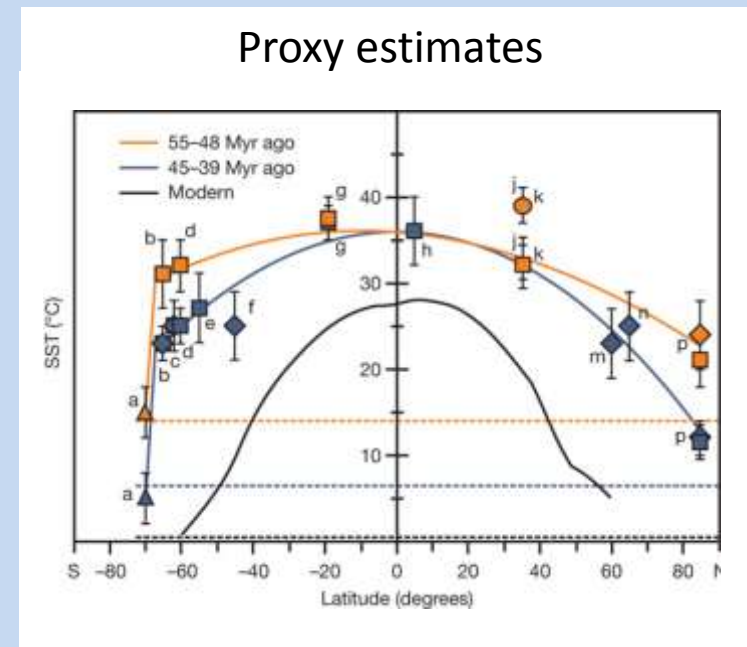
# Discrepancies

Possible explanations:

- Model missing a relevant variable
- The relationship between diversity and environment has changed
- GCM early Eocene temperature estimates are inaccurate



Inglis et al (2015) *Paleoceanography*  
Lunt et al (2010) *Geology*



Bijl et al (2009) *Nature*

# Conclusions

- Present day diversity of PFs is mainly driven by temperature, although other variables also contribute
- By the end of the Eocene, a latitudinal diversity gradient had developed
- Mismatch between predicted and observed diversity in early Eocene
  - Proxy records suggest these GCMs produce poor environment estimates

# Modelling

- Using Spatial Autoregressive Models to account for spatial autocorrelation
- SST modelled as a third order polynomial (complexity level suggested by GAMs)
- First order interactions between all variables
- Exclude points with delta carbonate ion  $< -10.9$  to reduce effect of dissolution