Dinosaur footprints from the State of Washington, USA, are reported here for the first time. The trackway includes multiple groups (ankylosaur, ornithopod, and theropod) of footprints. A partial mosasaur tooth crown was also recovered from the outcrop. The sedimentary unit hosting the footprints is the Swauk Formation, an offshore marine sandstone deposited during the early Tertiary. The fossil preservation is exceptional, and the footprints provide important insights into the paleoenvironment and paleobiology of the area. The study was conducted by researchers at The Master's University, in collaboration with the Washington State Department of Natural Resources and the Washington State University Herbarium. Further research is ongoing to better understand the significance of these footprints in the broader context of paleontology and geology.