

***The West Side Story of the Spokane Dome of the  
Priest River Metamorphic Core Complex (PRC)  
east of Mount Spokane, Washington***

**E.S. Cheney**

University of Washington, Seattle, WA

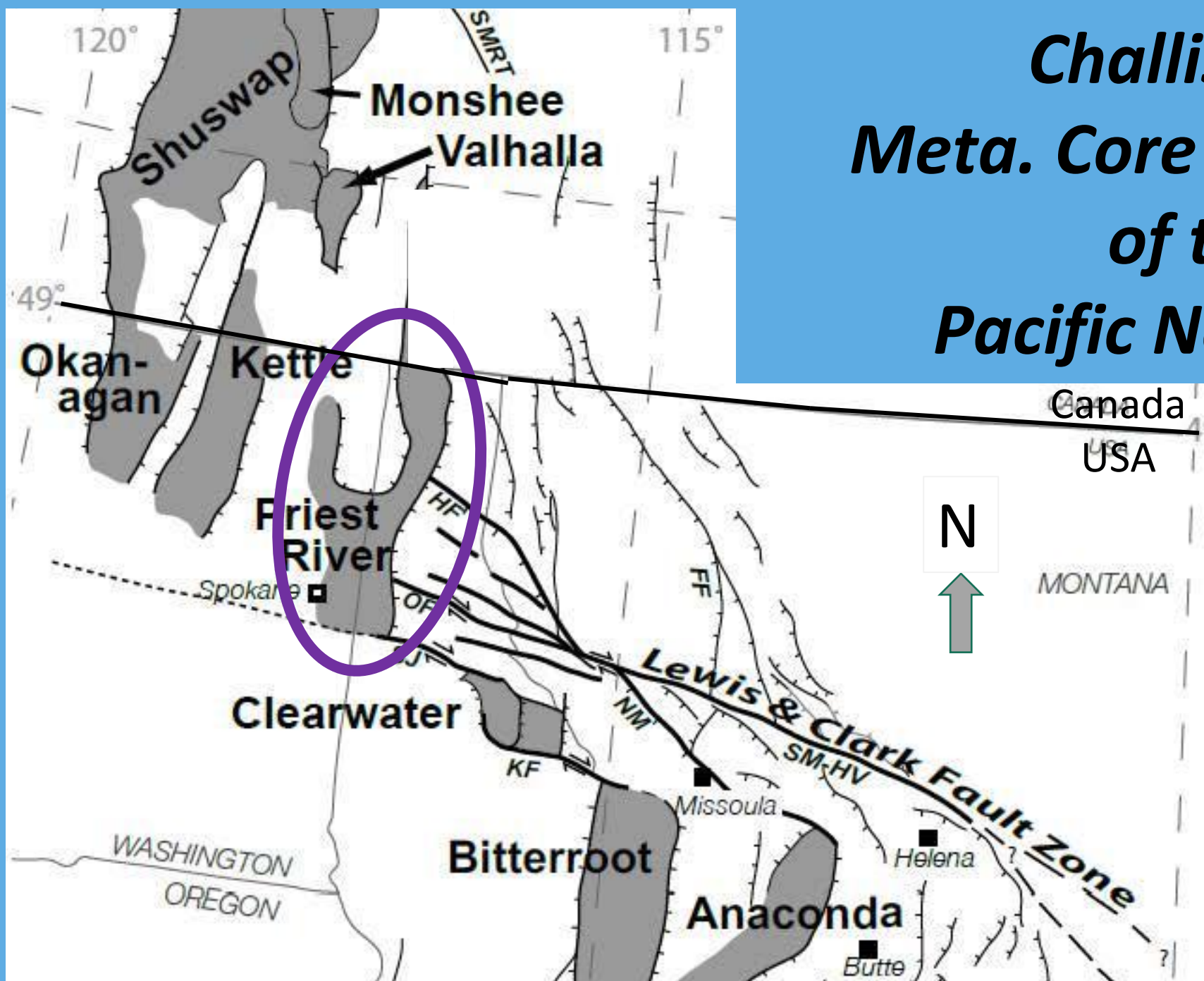
**A.M. Buddington**

Spokane Community College, Spokane, WA

**P.T. Doughty**

PRISEM Geoconsulting, Spokane , WA

# ***Challis-age Meta. Core Complexes of the Pacific Northwest***



after  
Foster et al.,  
2007, GSA  
SP 434, f 3

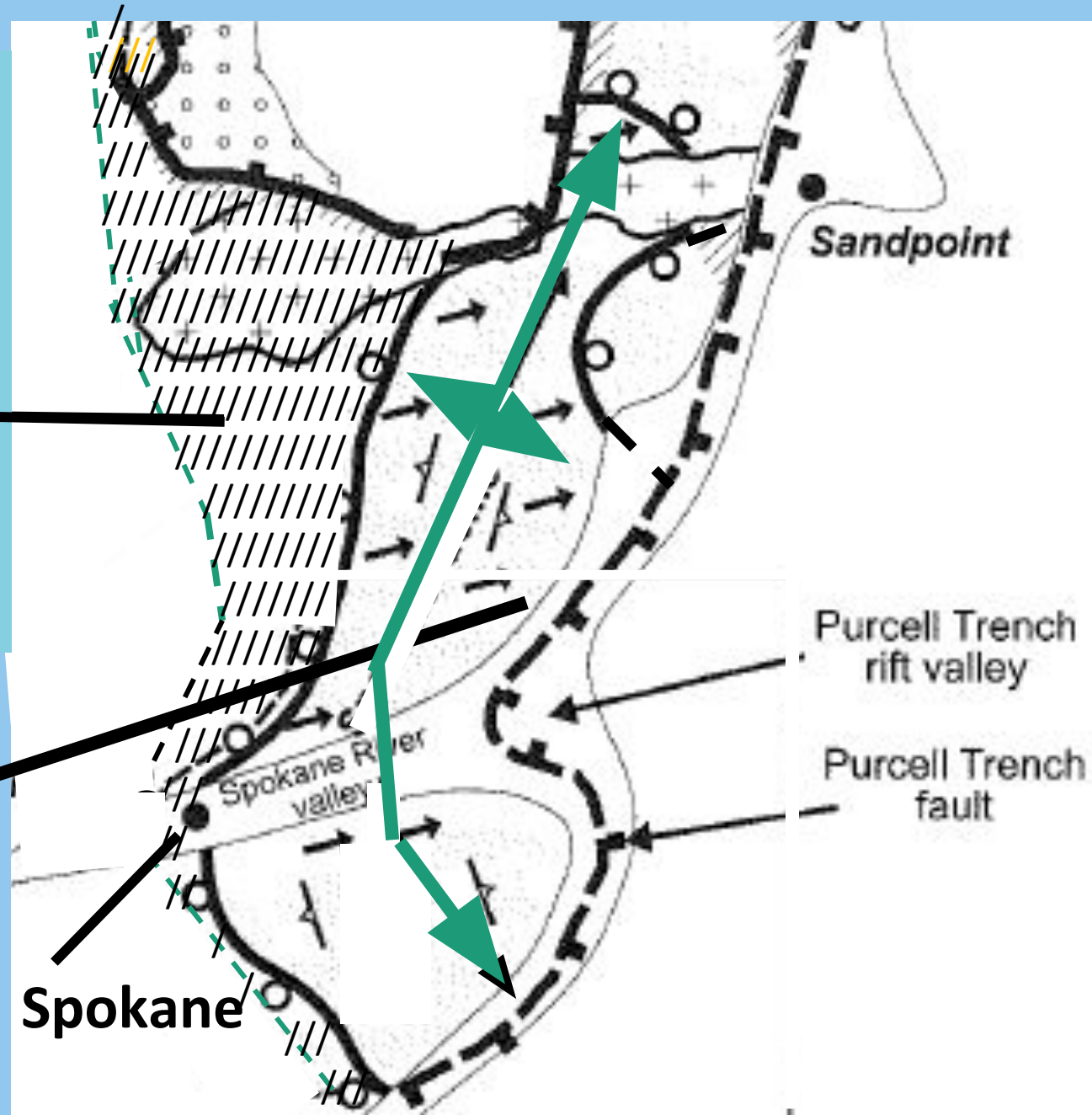
# ***Spokane Dome"***

***2 parts:***

***West Side  
Transition Zone***

***Spokane "Dome"  
Mylonite Zone***

***Lineation in mylonite***



after  
Doughty  
et al., 2016  
UWP, f 6.1



20 km  
=====

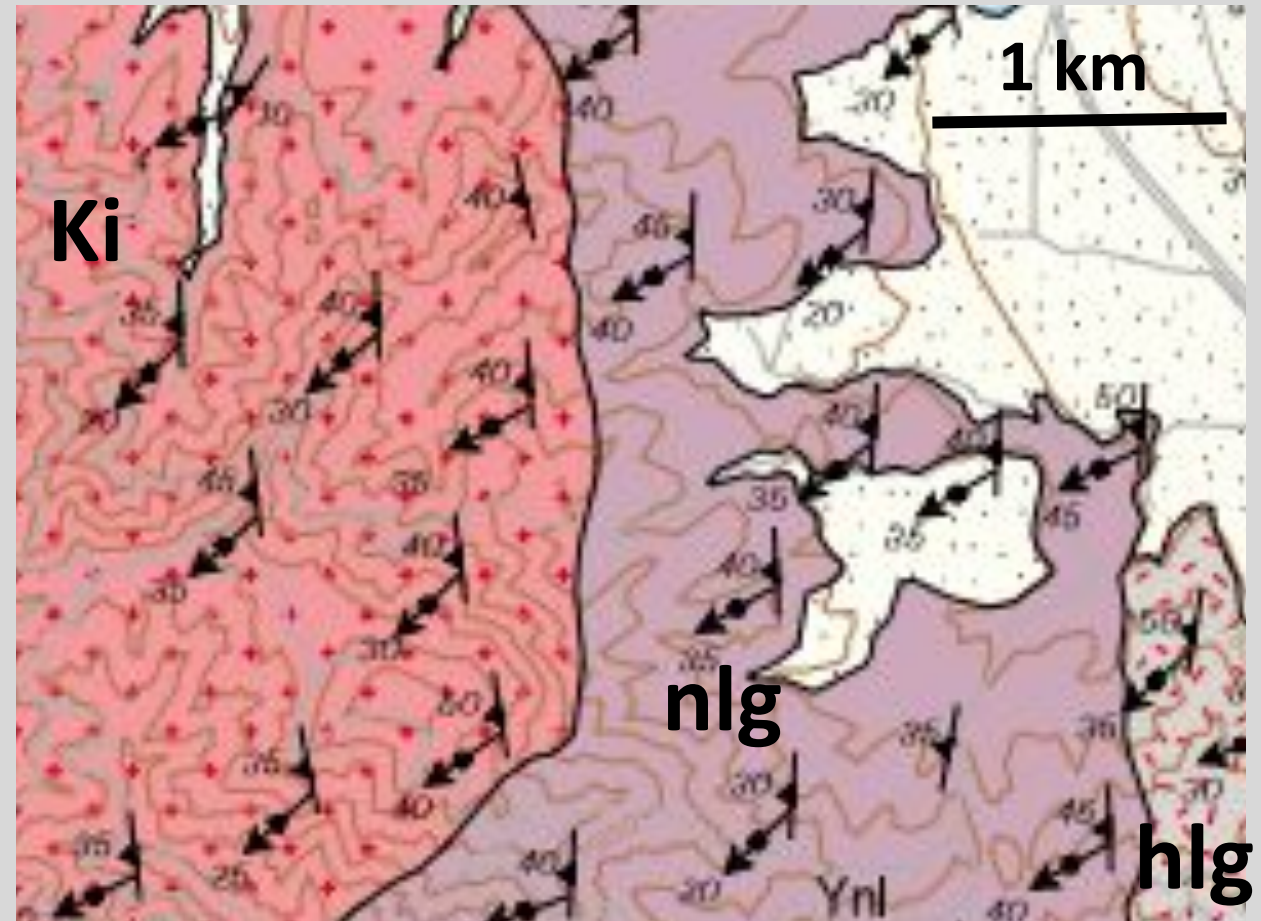


# *Lineated Rocks of Spokane Dome Mylonite Zone*



**Sillimanite Lineations,  
Hauser Lake Gneiss**

WA SR 290



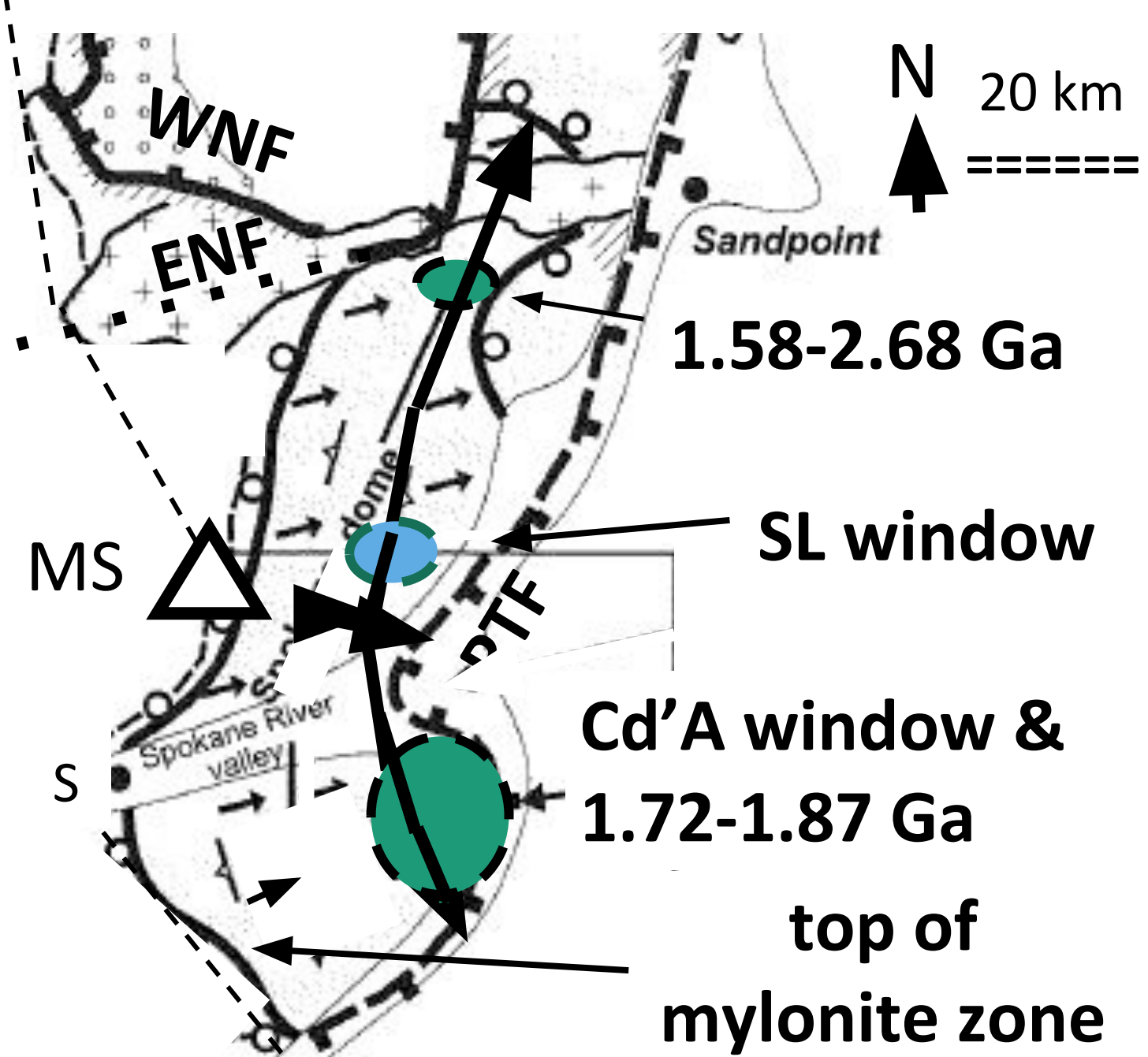
**Tweedie Area**

Miller, 2001, USGS Map MF2354

# *Anatomy of Spokane Dome Mylonite Zone*

most rocks < 1.5 Ga  
→  
mylonitic lineations

after  
Doughty et al., 2016, IWP  
Buddington et al., 2016,  
GSA FG 31



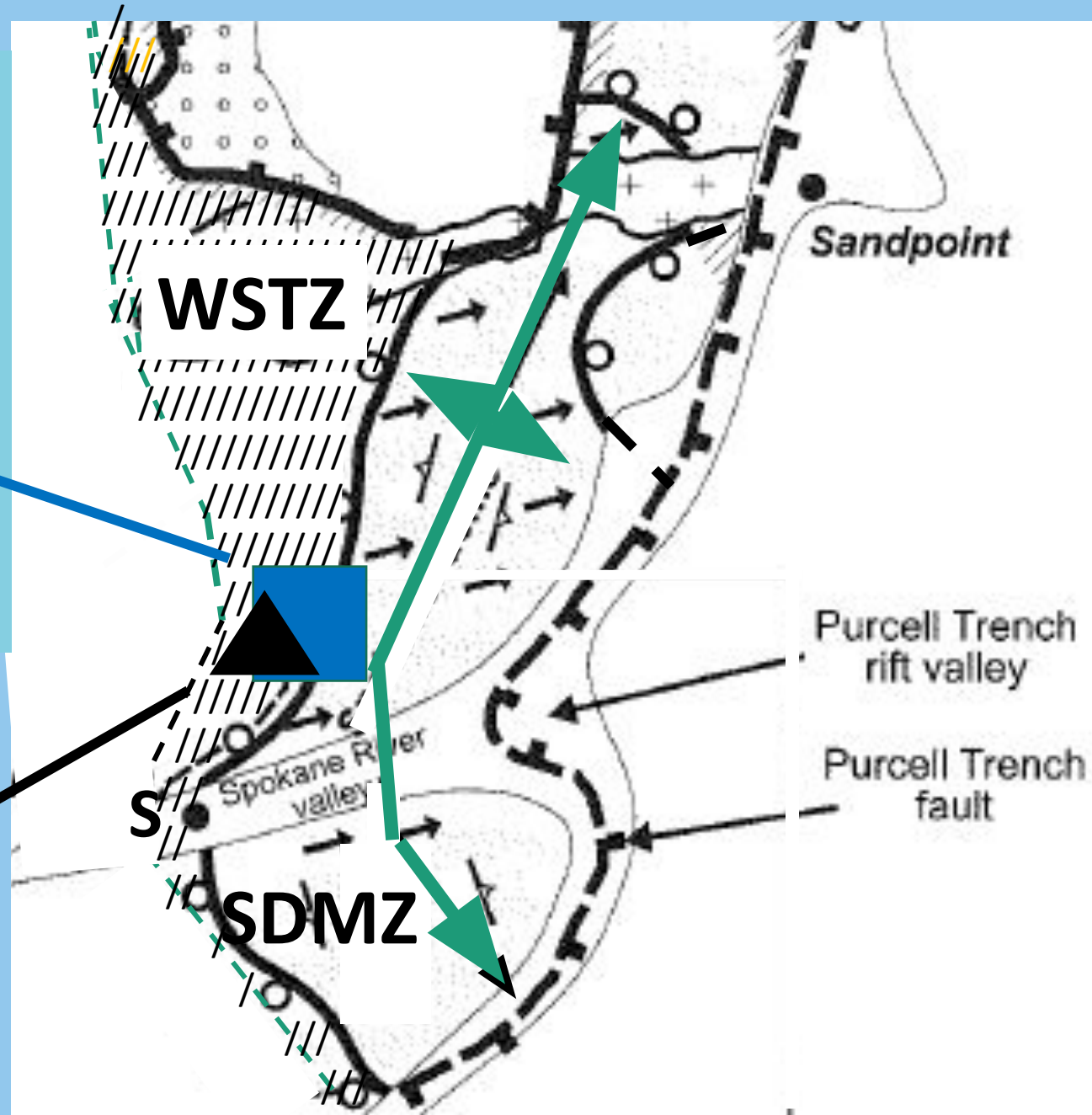
## ***Dates in the Central Part of Spokane Dome***

<b>Mylonitization</b>	<b>&lt; 50 to &gt; 46 Ma</b>	<b>D&amp;P99, S&amp;O16</b>
<b>Eocene dikes and plutons</b>	<b>50 - 46 Ma</b>	<b>S&amp;O16, W&amp;L16</b>
<b>Peak Metamorphism</b>	<b>72, 68 - 64 Ma</b>	<b>D&amp;P99, S&amp;O16</b>
<b>Cret. muscovitic granites</b>	<b>MS = 76.5 Ma</b>	<b>S&amp;O16</b>
<b>Newman Lake orthogneiss</b>	<b>65.4 ± 0.9 Ma</b>	<b>this paper</b>
<b>Biotitic banded orthogneiss</b>	<b>98.9 ± 1.1 Ma</b>	<b>this paper</b>
<b>Hauser Lake gneiss (meta-Prichard Fm.)</b>	<b>1.43 - 1.45 Ga</b>	<b>D&amp;C08</b>



***Map Area***

***Mount Spokane***

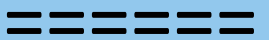


after  
Doughty  
et al., 2016  
UWP, f 6.1

N



20 km



***WEST SIDE STORY (1957, Stephen Sondheim)***

***And something great is coming!***

***Who knows?***

***Its only just out of reach,***

***Down the block, on a beach...***

***Hold my hand and we're halfway there.***

***Hold my hand and I'll take you there...***

***Somewhere!***

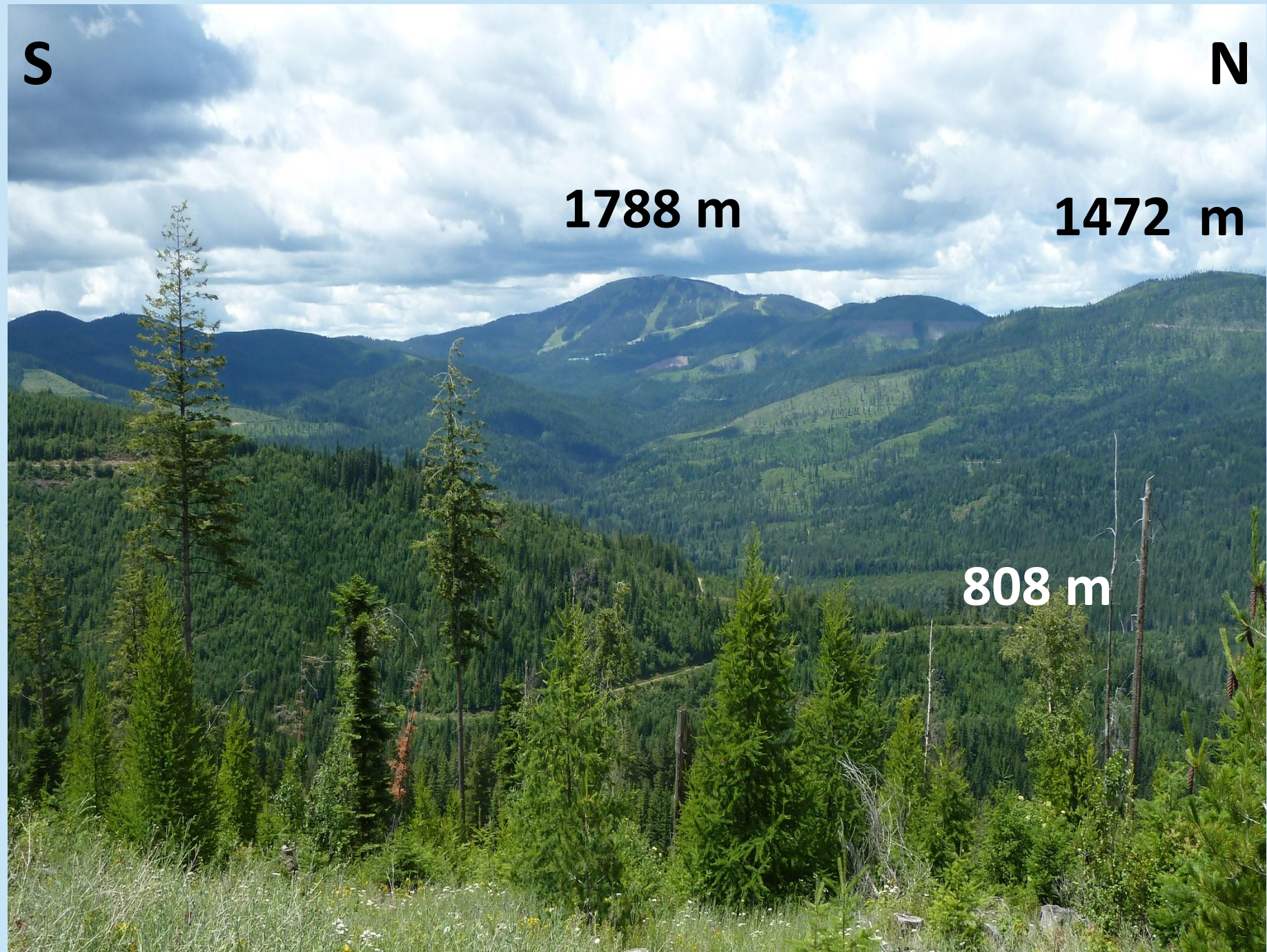


# ***Mount Spokane***

Highest Peak  
in  
Spokane Dome

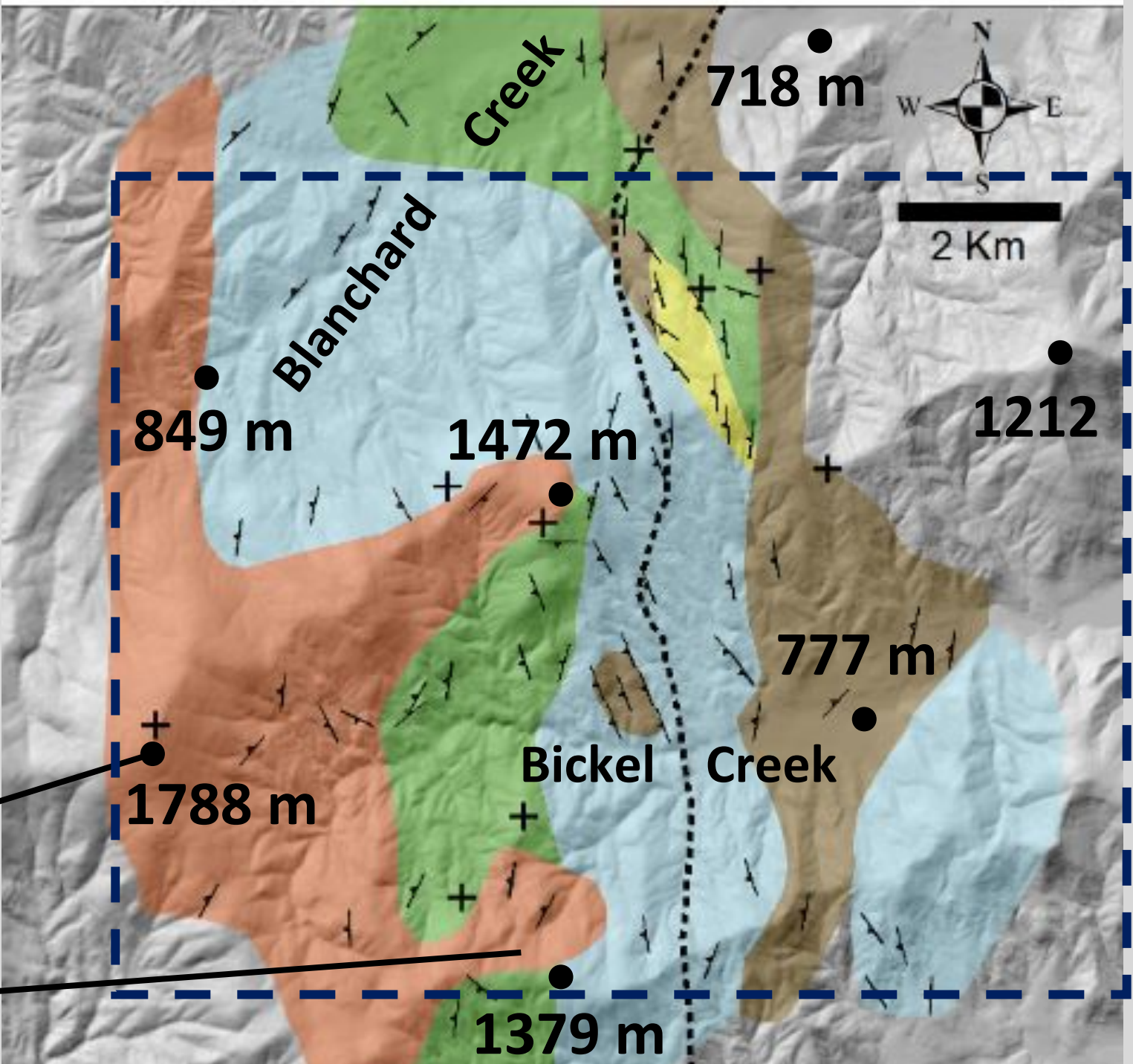
Looking E up  
Brickel Creek

*Photo by  
A.M. Buddington 7/18*





***Topography  
& Simplified  
Geology  
Of Mount  
Spokane  
Quadrangle***



**Next  
Map**

***Mt. Spokane  
& NE ridge***

***East ridge***

map  
crafted  
by HM  
Green-  
berg,  
0219

WSTZ | SDMZ

2 Km

98.9 Ma

***Rock  
Units;  
MS  
Quad.***

**Unmapped**

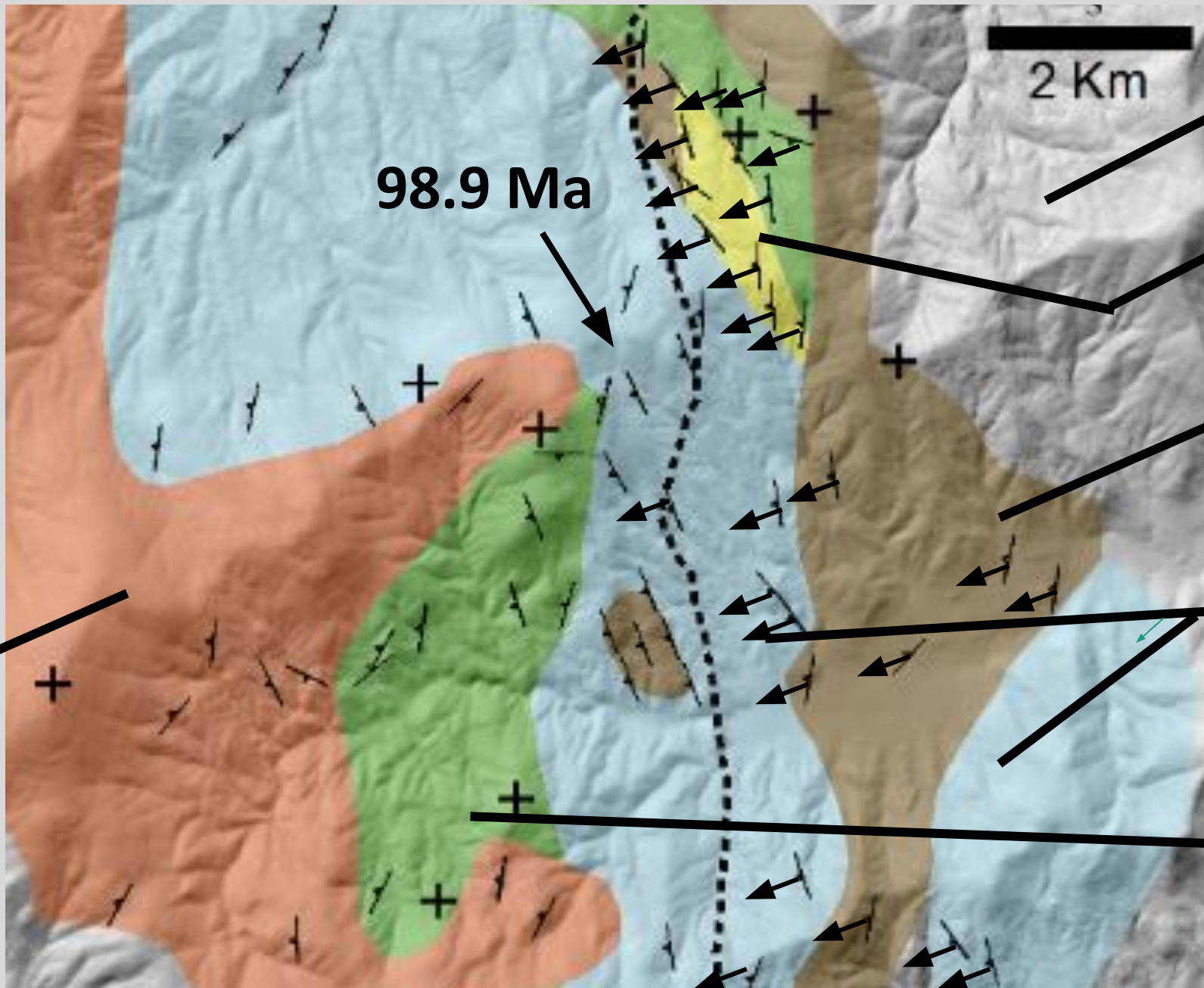
**HLG quartzite**

**Hauser Lake  
Gneiss (HLG)**

**Banded  
Gneiss**

**Newman Lake  
Gneiss**

***Mount  
Spokane  
2-mica  
granite***





***S – C Fabric  
top-to- E***

***Newman  
Lake Gneiss***

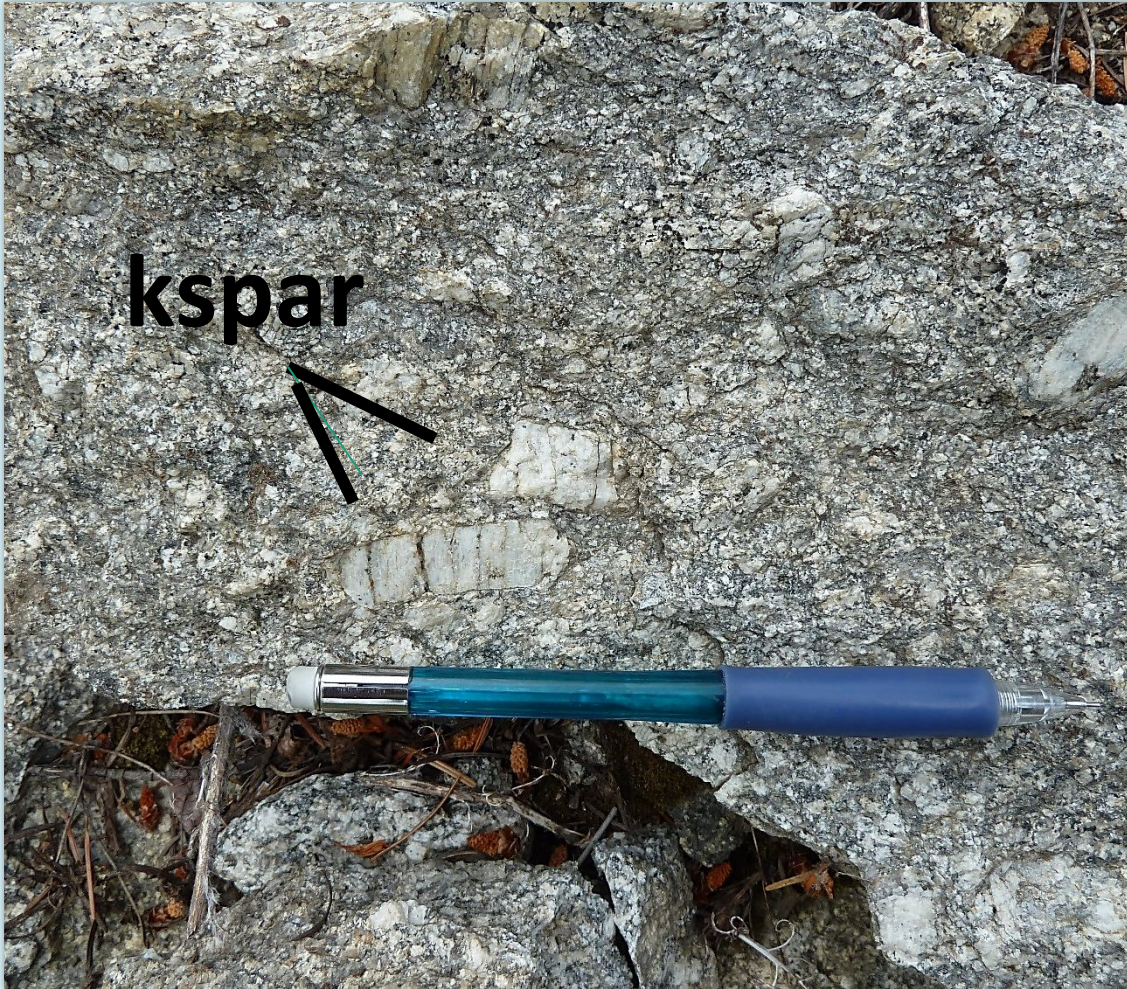
***quartzite***

***Hauser Lake  
pelitic gneiss***





# ***Orthogneisses in West Side Transition Zone***



**Newman Lake Gneiss, 65.4 Ma  
indicates WSTZ still active**



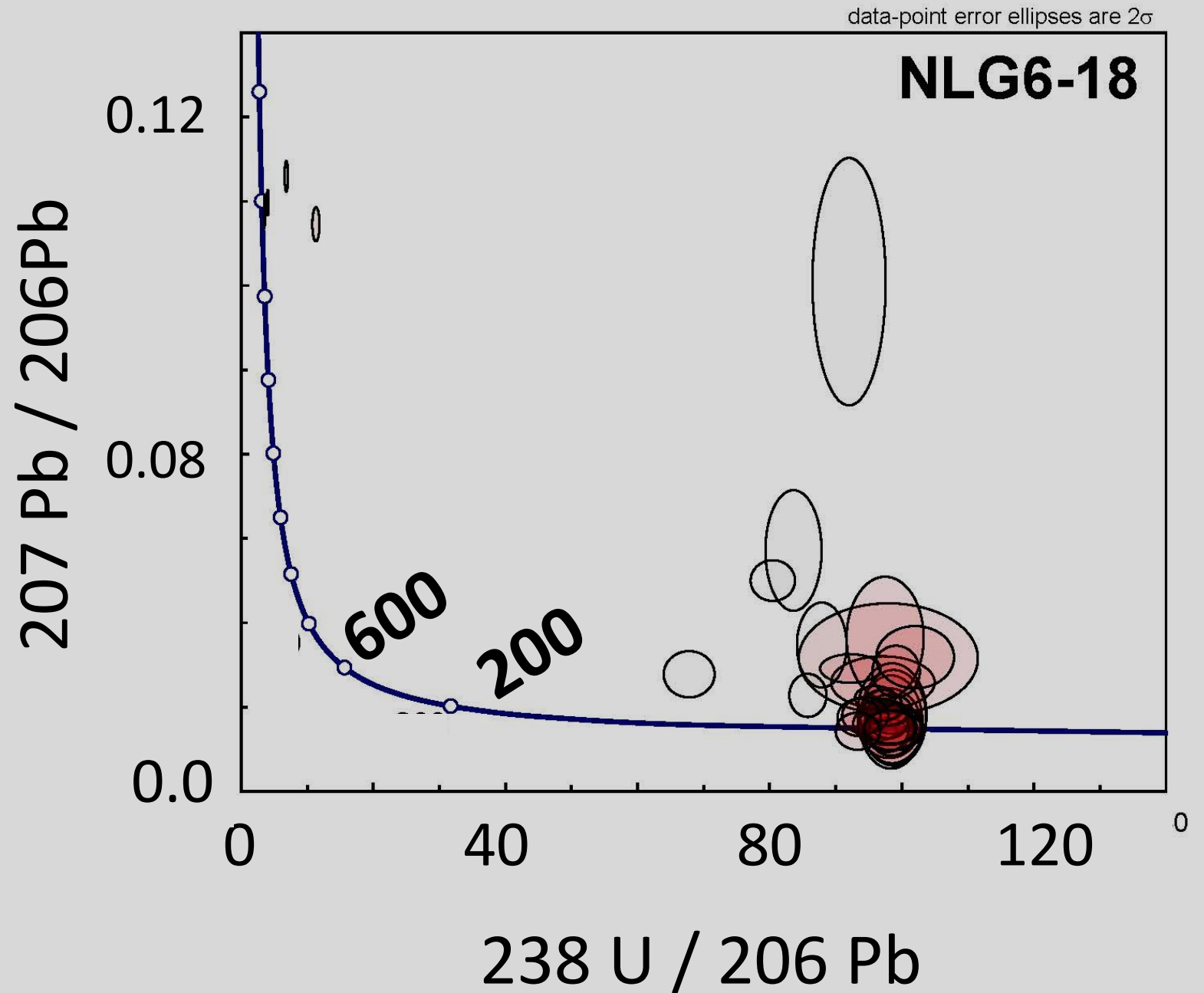
**Biotitic Banded Gneiss, 98.9 Ma  
protolith older than WS metamorphism**



***Newman Lake  
Gneiss  
 $65.4 \pm 0.9$  Ma***

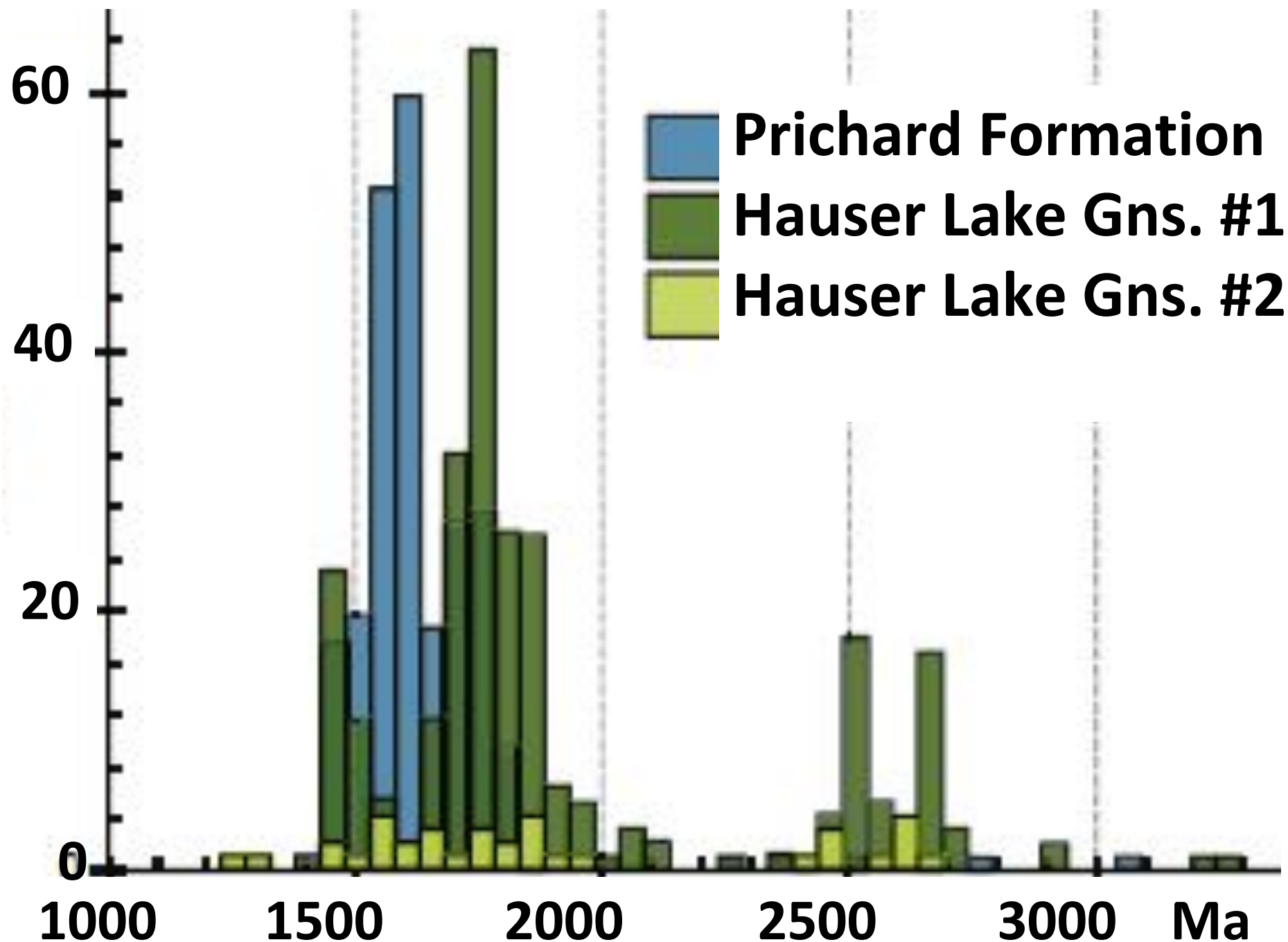
**Ellipses are  $2\sigma$**

Redrafted from  
Wash. State Univ.



***Beltian  
Detrital  
Zircons***  
 **$^{207}\text{Pb}/^{206}\text{Pb}$**

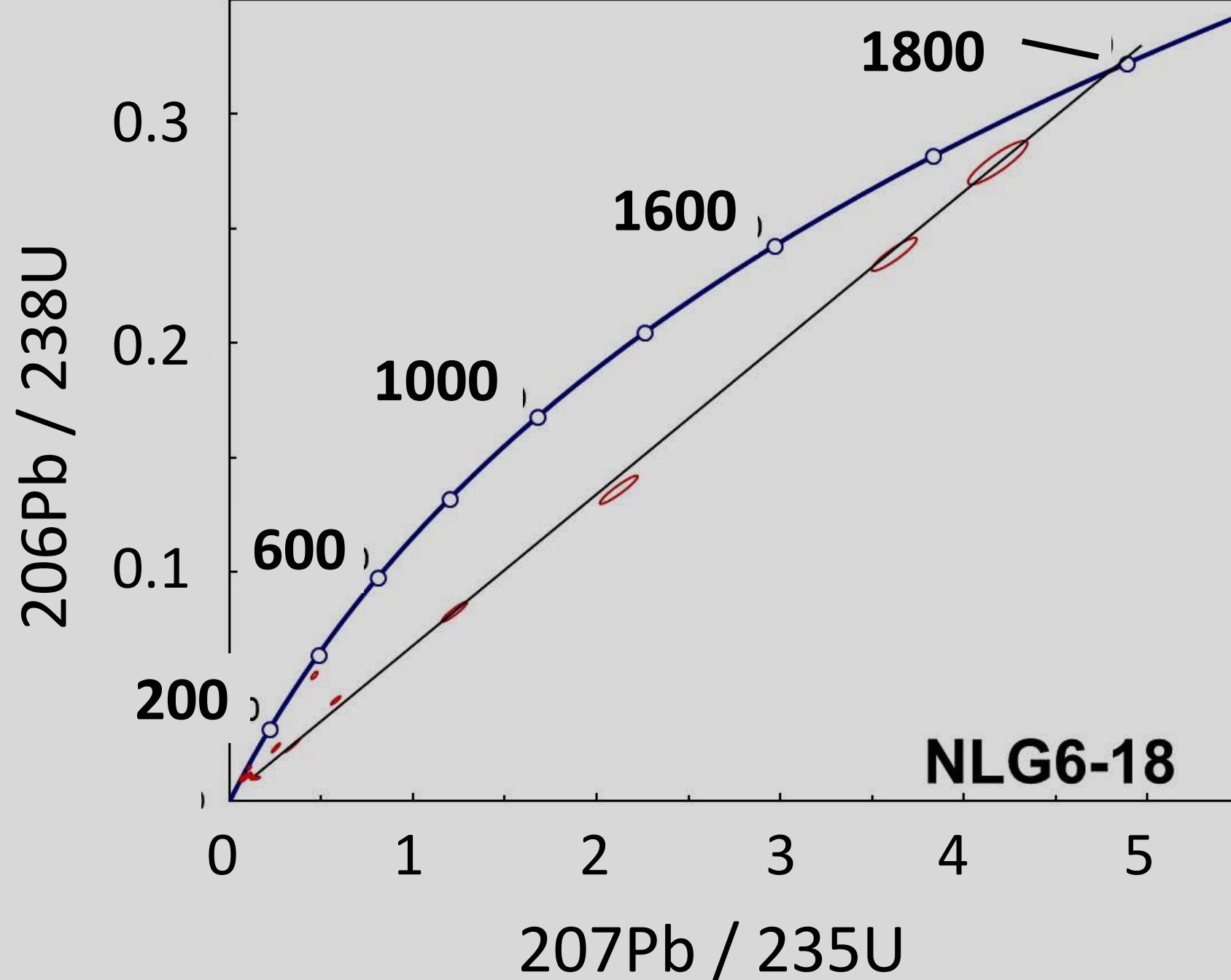
from  
Stevens et al.,  
2016, f 4c



***Xenocrysts,  
Newman  
Lake Gneiss***

**Ellipses are  $2\sigma$**

redrafted from  
Wash. State Univ.

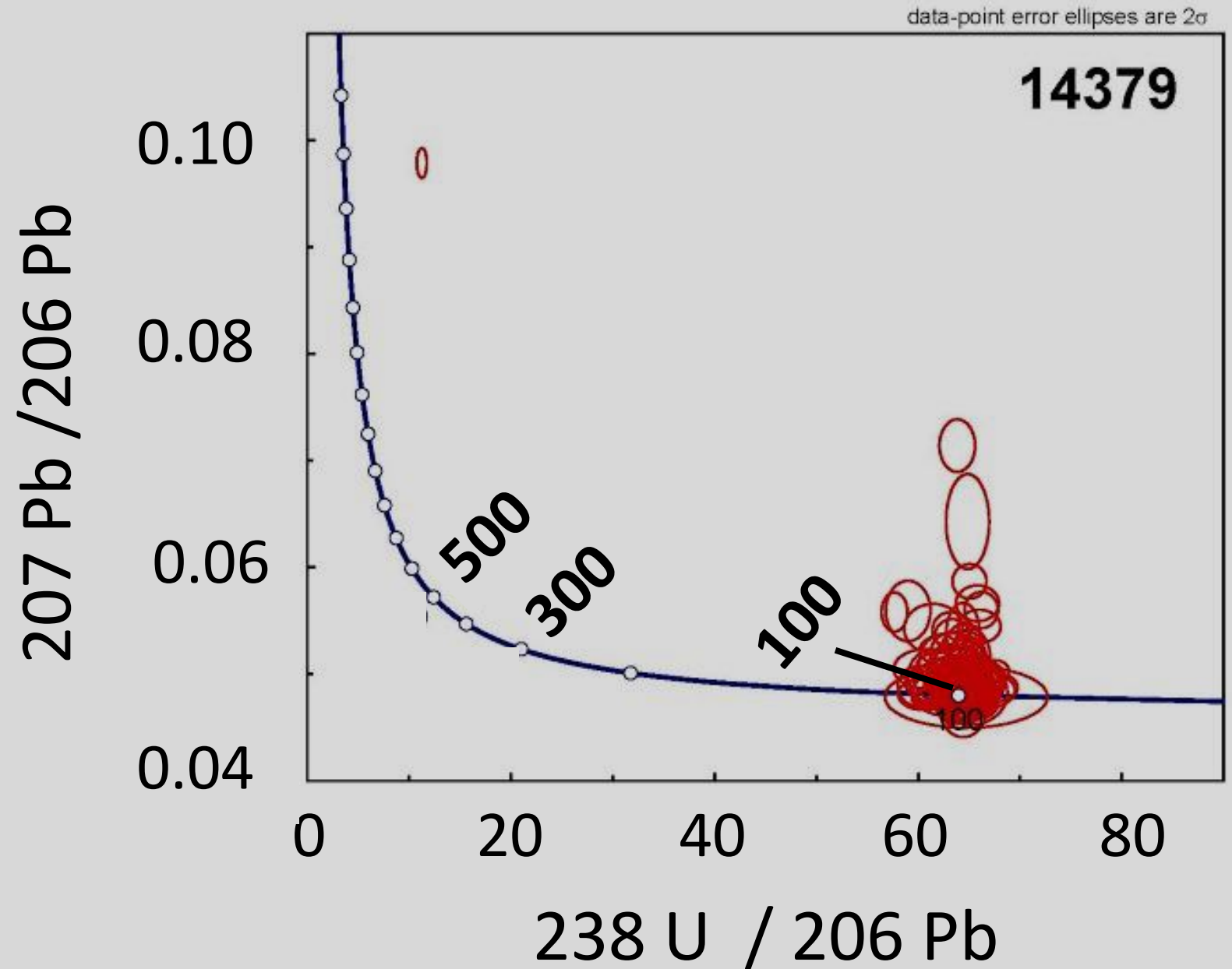




***Biotitic  
Banded  
Orthogneiss  
 $98.9 \pm 1.2$   
Ma***

**Ellipses are  $2\sigma$**

redrafted from  
Wash. State Univ.



***More Info on these Igneous Rocks***

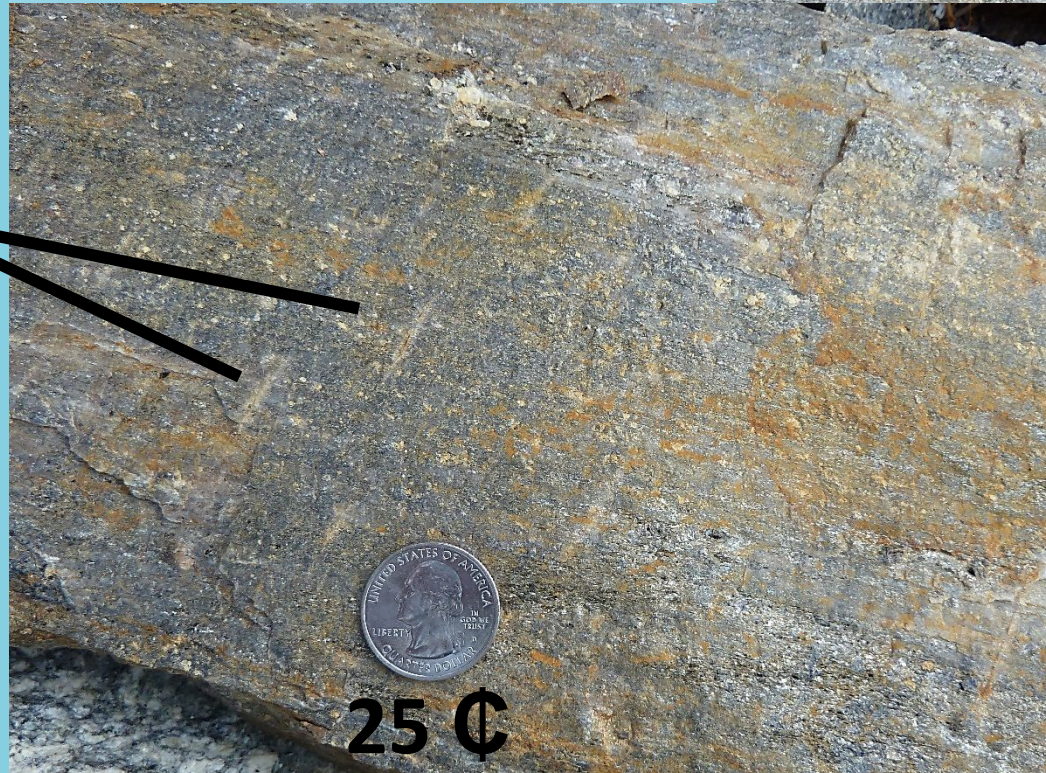
**Buddington et al., Poster # 25-5, Thursday AM**

**Cretaceous and Eocene magmatism in the  
southern Priest River core complex (PRC)  
of northeastern Washington and northern Idaho**



# *Features of West Side Transition Zone*

- 1) sparse lineations
- 2) ultra-mylonite
- 3) tension gashes
- 4) folds
- 5) relict igneous texture



**banded gneiss**

**foliation plane  
of HLG gneiss**



# *Features of West Side Transition Zone*

bio. banded orthogneiss



- 1) sparse lineations
- 2) ultra-mylonite
- 3) tension gashes
- 4) folds
- 5) relict igneous texture



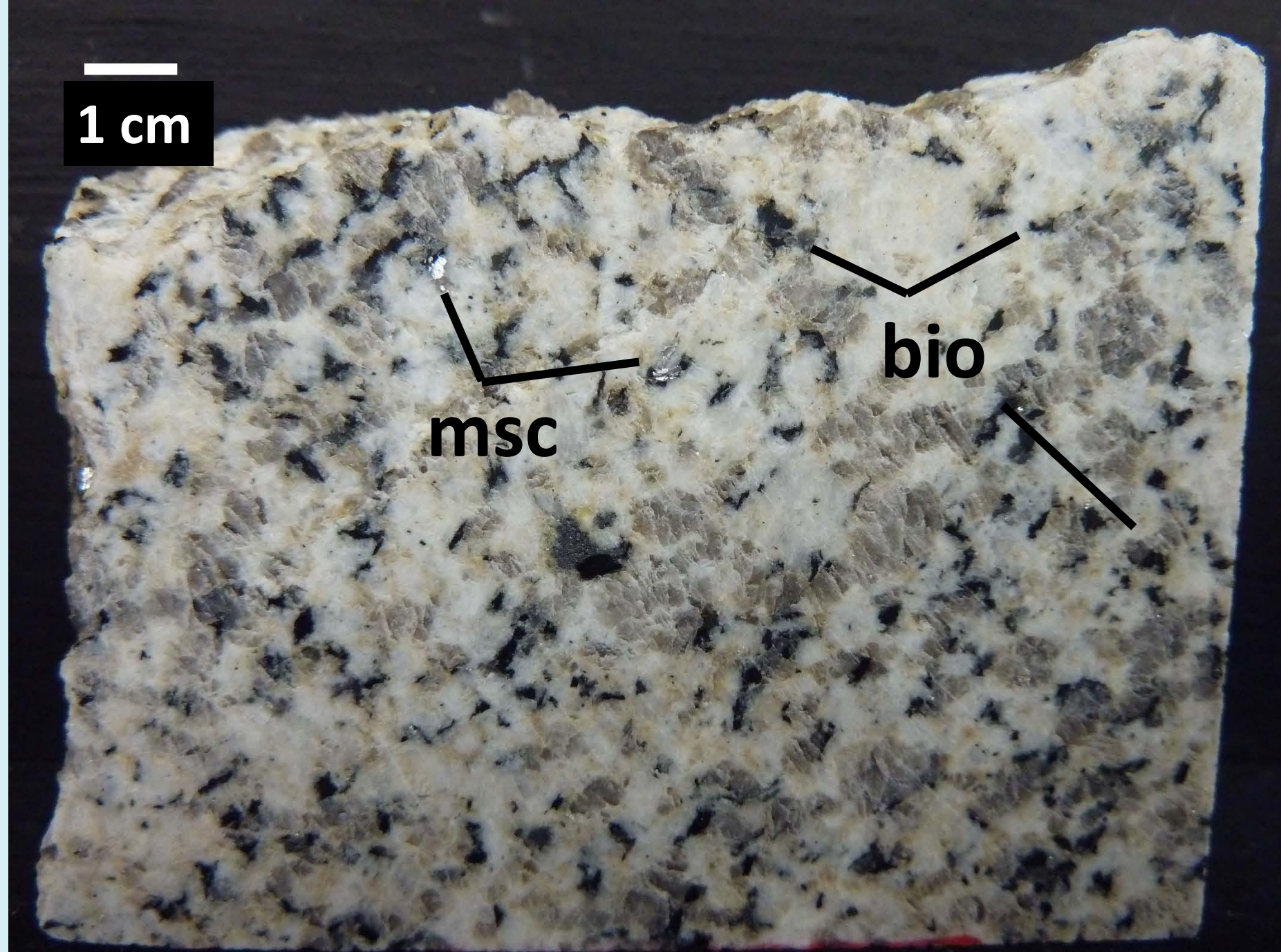
**Hauser Lake Gneiss**



***Mount  
Spokane  
two-mica  
granite***

76.5 Ma

WA SR 206,  
10.4 km SW of  
summit



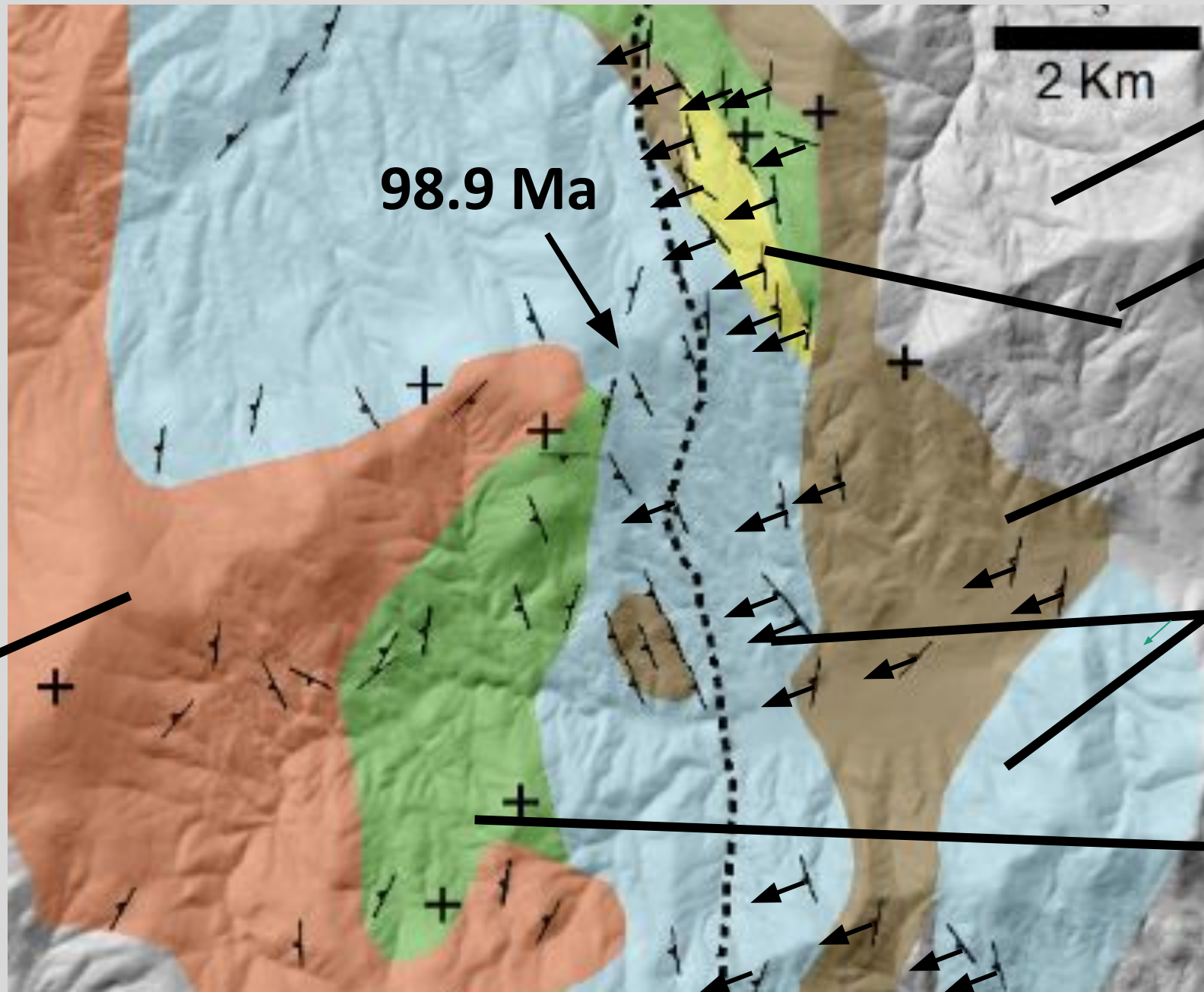


***MS  
Quad.***

**WSTZ | SDMZ**

**no  
chlorite  
breccia**

***Mount  
Spokane  
2-mica  
granite***



2 Km

**Unmapped**

**HLG quartzite**

**Hauser Lake  
Gneiss (HLG)**

**Banded  
Gneiss**

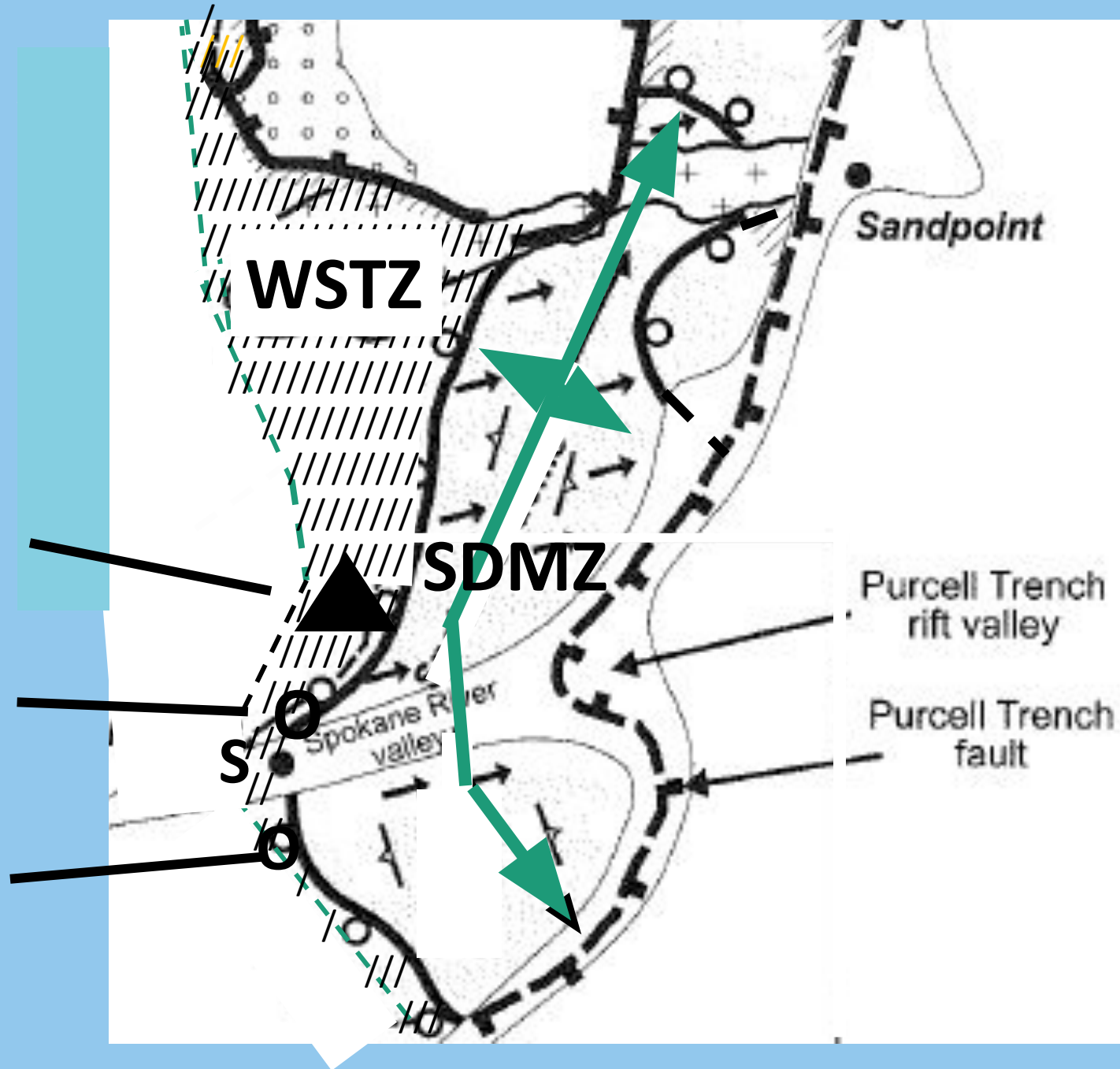
**Newman Lake  
Gneiss**

***Localities  
without  
Chlorite BX***

**Mount Spokane**

**Beacon Rock**

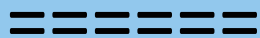
**Chester Creek**



after  
Doughty  
et al., 2016  
UWP, f 6.1



20 km



# ***Chester Creek: WSTZ = Carapace Above Mylonite***

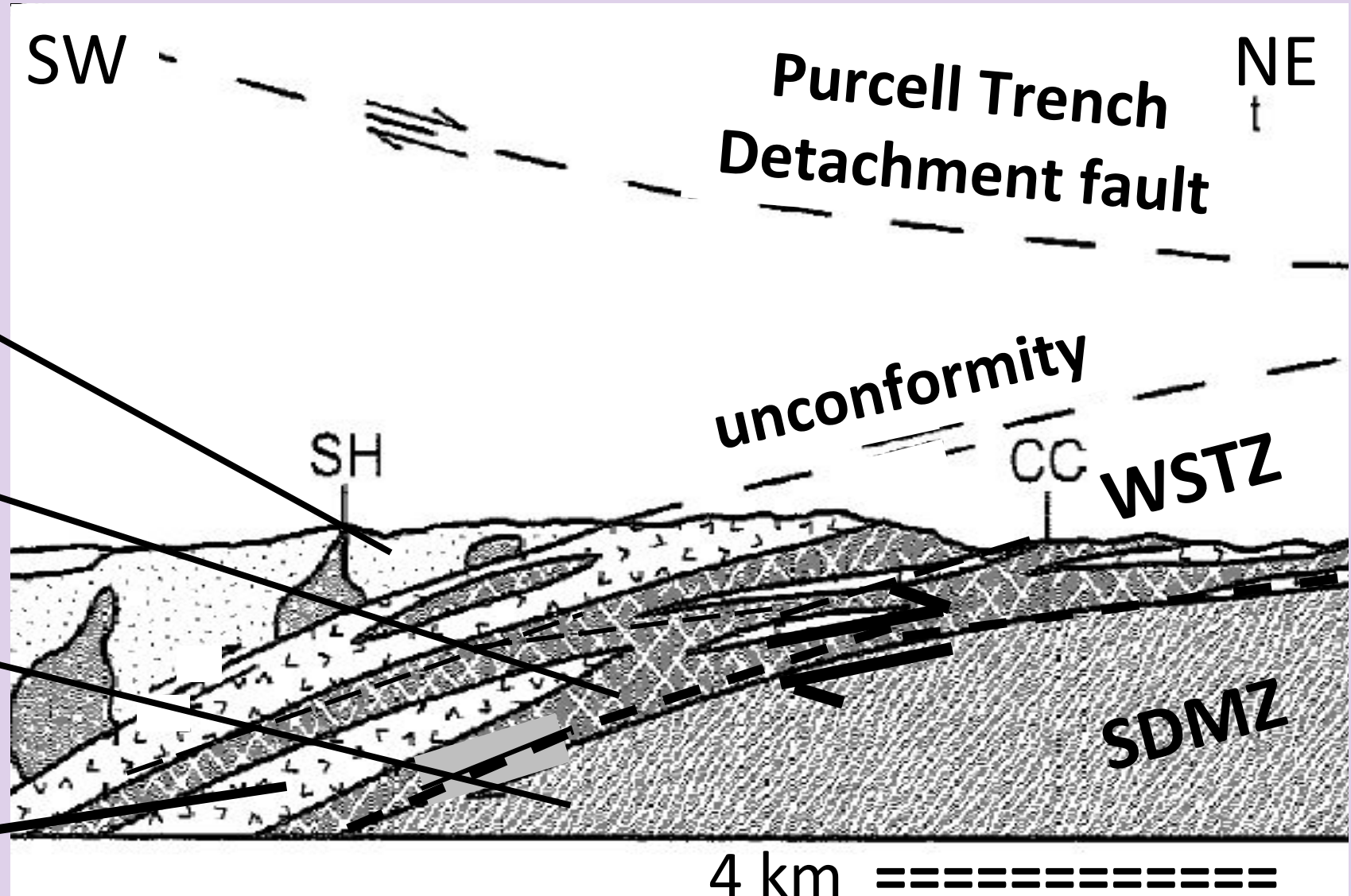
relabeled from Doughty et al., 2016, UWP, f. 8.12

**Middle  
Cambrian  
Quartzite**

**Ravalli  
Group**

**Prichard  
Formation**

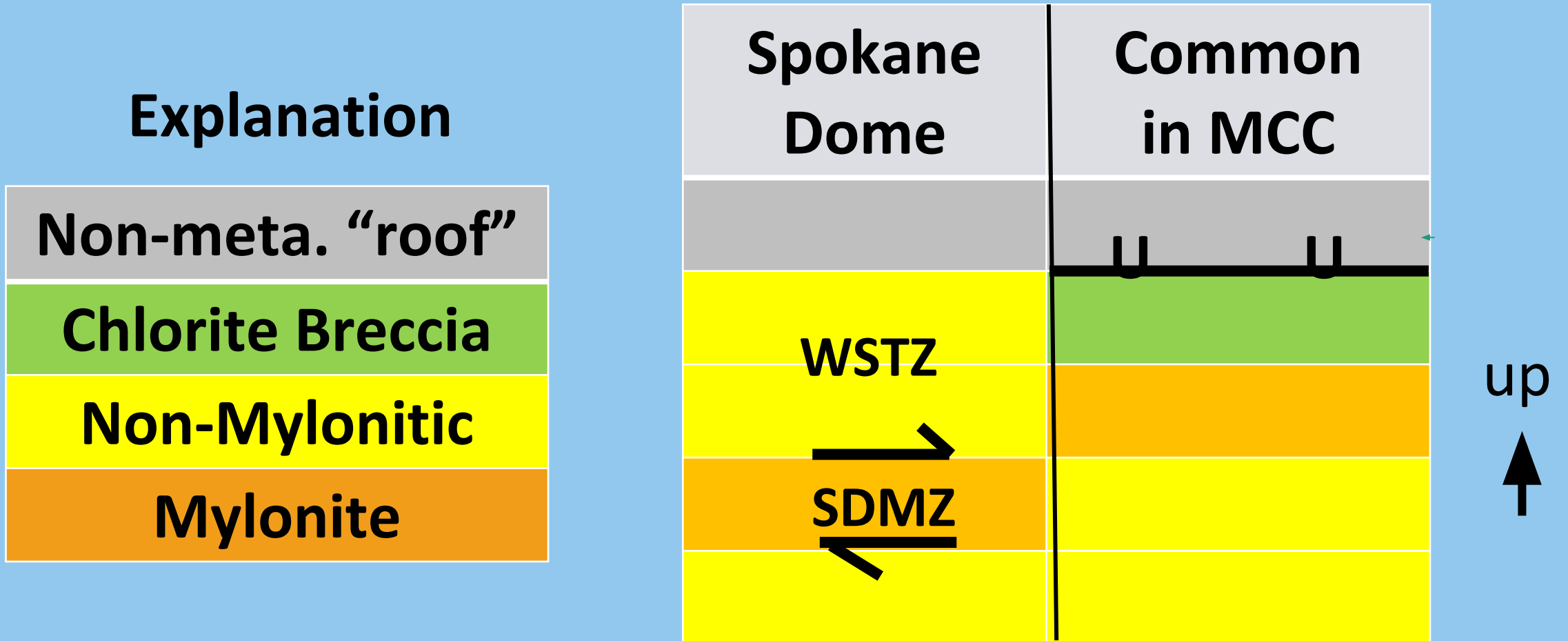
**Mount Spokane  
2-mica granite**





# ***Schematic Comparison of MCCs***

*(no actual or relative scale)*



## ***The West Side Story: conclusions***

**Banded orthogneiss = 98.9 Ma, Newman Lake = 65.4 Ma;  
≥ 1.5 Ga gneisses likely restricted to axis of Spokane “Dome”**

**West Side Transition Zone (WSTZ) is pre- to syn-mylonite;  
meta. = 98 to 47 Ma: a carapace containing ultramylonites,  
tension gashes, relict folds in gneiss, relict igneous textures  
(including Mount Spokane two-mica granite = 76.5 Ma)**

**No detachment faults bound WSTZ; top is Mount Spokane  
granite, which intruded the sub-Cambrian unconformity**