POLYPHASE INVERSION OF AN INTRAPLATE RIFT-BOUNDING FAULT— THE WATERBERG THRUST IN NAMIBIA

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INVERSION

CORE CONCEPTS

- **EXTENSION OVERPRINTED BY CONTRACTION**
- NORMAL FAULT DISPLACEMENT REVERSED, SOMETIMES IN COMPLEX WAYS



NULL POINT



Implies a reversal of shear stress on fault planes, and thus often taken to infer two separate tectonic events



Granath et al., J. Struc. Geology 2022

Study area

'Karoo' (Permo-Triassic) Rift and Shear System across Southern Africa





Google Earth image with -Cross sections in white -Thrust traces in yellow







Mapping and structural analysis

Important evidence

- Contractional mesoscale structures
- Progressively deformed unconformities within Karoo
- Shear parallel to SW plunging directions
- Basement detritus shed into footwall during deformation



Mesoscale structures







KINEMATICS OF FOOTWALL CUTOFF

Forward model of evolution from normal fault to inversion with footwall cutoff







Regional parallel



Neighboring basin tectonics based on 2D reflection seismic network

Simultaneous normal faulting and inversion in the neighboring Kavango Basin, as is evident in seismic data, argues for an internal driver to inversion ('syn-kinematic') and against an external, 'allo-kinematic' driver.

Conclusions

- Inversion can be a multi-phase phenomenon; there are other examples of this elsewhere in the world
- In Namibia it is synchronous with its own extensional features in a basin that contains a Permo-Triassic rift-related Karoo Supergroup

Thank you!

- We interpret this to mean it relates to differential motion between blocks in its own rift system >>> the syn-kinematic phase
- In the case of Waterberg, early inversion was overprinted by a second phase driven by the regional uplift of the western continental margin in the Cretaceous >>> the allo-kinematic phase

Acknowledgments

- the Strobels, owners of the Okahio Farm, for allowing us to work on their land and for their hospitality and support;
- material contributors to the original project: Wilfried Jooß, and her supervisory board Volker Lorenz, Ian Stanistreet, & Stephen White in addition to author Stollhofen;
- The German Research Foundation (DFG) funded the project;
- Geological Survey of Namibia and the University of Namibia supported the project;
- Reconnaissance Energy Africa, LLC, for release of the results of palynological work in the Waterberg Basin